

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information for

HARDIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Year Ended June 30, 2024 with Independent Auditor's Report

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Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardin County School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise doubt shortly thereafter.

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Independent Auditor's Report, continued

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Independent Auditor's Report, continued

Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 9, budgetary comparison information on pages 62 to 63, and pension and other postemployment benefit information on pages 64 to 78, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements on pages 79 to 83, school schedules on pages 84 to 91, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, on pages 97 to 100, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Louisville, Kentucky November 11, 2024

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2024

The discussion and analysis of Hardin County School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning General Fund fund balance was \$46.6 million. The ending fund balance was \$43.1 million.
- The beginning Construction Fund fund balance was \$33.7 million. The ending fund balance was \$69.9 million. The major reason for the change in fund balance was due to current year bond proceeds that were not yet spent on projects.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide financial statements. The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are agency funds for student education and private purpose trust funds. The proprietary funds are the food service, school age childcare, early college and career center, educational television, and school entrepeneurship operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 – 20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 61 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as an indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net position was \$68.5 million as of June 30, 2024. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not used to liquidate these liabilities. The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition, disposal and depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Table 1)

(Table 1) Net Position

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government			
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 127,241,705 311,703,656	\$ 90,623,498 288,810,332	\$ 6,795,319 1,577,202	\$ 7,277,750 1,584,257	\$ 134,037,024 313,280,858	\$ 97,901,248 290,394,589		
Total Assets	438,945,361	379,433,830	8,372,521	8,862,007	447,317,882	388,295,837		
Deferred Outflows	28,978,141	37,900,401	1,955,137	2,024,359	30,933,278	39,924,760		
Long-term Debt	335,549,064	292,837,564	7,349,450	10,694,456	342,898,514	303,532,020		
Other Liabilities	23,195,174	19,525,126	71,877	64,247	23,267,051	19,589,373		
Total Liabilities	358,744,238	312,362,690	7,421,327	10,758,703	366,165,565	323,121,393		
Deferred Inflows	40,242,414	22,872,766	3,355,192	1,144,652	43,597,606	24,017,418		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	59,311,224	91,403,944	1,577,202	1,584,257	60,888,426	92,988,201		
Restricted	75,946,965	38,603,473			75,946,965	38,603,473		
Unrestricted	(66,321,339)	(47,908,642)	(2,026,063)	(2,601,246)	(68,347,402)	(50,509,888)		
Total Net Position	\$ 68,936,850	\$ 82,098,775	\$ (448,861)	\$ (1,016,989)	\$ 68,487,989	\$ 81,081,786		

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

The District added \$42.8 million in capital assets. The District paid \$9.8 million in bond principal.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total governmental revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were \$202.0 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$40.5 million more than budget. This is primarily due to not budgeting on-behalf payments of \$39.1 million.
- The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$217.6 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

General fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in Instruction expenses. This
resulted from not having to spend budgeted contingency funds and not budgeting on-behalf
payments.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Busine: Activ		Total Primary Government			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
REVENUES:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 2,207,947	\$ 1,749,627	\$ 2,322,946	\$ 1,900,293	\$ 4,530,893	\$ 3,649,920		
Operating grants and								
contributions	29,913,725	45,900,671	12,633,278	13,621,941	42,547,003	59,522,612		
Capital grants	11,884,422	13,532,901	-	-	11,884,422	13,532,901		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	50,529,489	46,469,026	-	-	50,529,489	46,469,026		
Motor vehicle taxes	5,470,581	5,359,715	-	-	5,470,581	5,359,715		
Utility taxes	6,744,878	6,922,421	-	-	6,744,878	6,922,421		
Other taxes	14,267	3,735	-	-	14,267	3,735		
Investment earnings	705,720	1,427,410	26,121	67,189	731,841	1,494,599		
State and formula grants	95,276,425	84,565,403	-	-	95,276,425	84,565,403		
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	892,788	1,330,936			892,788	1,330,936		
Total revenues	203,640,242	207,261,845	14,982,345	15,589,423	218,622,587	222,851,268		
EXPENSES								
Program Activities								
Instruction	128,260,605	97,060,916	-	-	128,260,605	97,060,916		
Student support	11,281,864	11,791,088	-	-	11,281,864	11,791,088		
Instructional staff support	10,586,421	11,893,729	-	-	10,586,421	11,893,729		
District administrative support	2,430,929	2,521,772	-	-	2,430,929	2,521,772		
School administrative support	9,435,634	10,388,541	-	-	9,435,634	10,388,541		
Business support	3,103,682	3,462,290	-	-	3,103,682	3,462,290		
Plant operation and maintenance	22,038,726	17,827,237	-	-	22,038,726	17,827,237		
Student transportation	21,374,693	17,575,582	-	-	21,374,693	17,575,582		
Community service activities	3,281,422	1,471,856	-	-	3,281,422	1,471,856		
Other	368,591	2,028,539	-	-	368,591	2,028,539		
Interest costs	5,456,938	6,317,587	-	-	5,456,938	6,317,587		
Business-type Activities:								
Food service	-	-	12,411,662	13,292,089	12,411,662	13,292,089		
School Age Child Care	-	-	1,066,182	3,069,349	1,066,182	3,069,349		
Early College and Career Center	-	-	46,111	51,869	46,111	51,869		
Educational television	-	-	71,238	60,201	71,238	60,201		
School entrepeneurship			1,686		1,686			
Total expenses	217,619,505	182,339,137	13,596,879	16,473,508	231,216,384	198,812,645		
Change in net position before								
transfers	(13,979,263)	24,922,708	1,385,466	(884,085)	(12,593,797)	24,038,623		
Transfers	817,338	259,508	(817,338)	(259,508)				
Change in net position	\$ (13,161,925)	\$ 25,182,216	\$ 568,128	\$ (1,143,593)	\$ (12,593,797)	\$24,038,623		

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

2023

97,060,916

75.460.239

1,471,856

2.028.539

6,317,587

\$ 182,339,137

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities
Total Cost of Services

2024

128,260,605

80.251.949

3,281,422

368.591

5,456,938

\$ 217,619,505

Net Cost of Services							
<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>						
\$ 109,474,178	\$ 65,856,21						
70,256,713	62,504,47	'0					
12,637	(34,98	34)					
(11,884,422)	(12,299,87	'8)					
297,367	45,55	54					
 5,456,938	5,084,56	<u>34</u>					

\$ 121,155,938

\$ 173,613,411

Business-Type Activities

Instruction Support Services

Interest costs

Total Expenses

Other

Community services

Facilities acquistion

The business-type activities include the food service, school age childcare, early college and career center, educational television operations and school entrepreneurship. These programs had total revenues of \$14,982,345 and expenses of \$13,596,879 for fiscal year 2024. Of the revenues, \$2,322,946 was charges for services, \$12,633,278 was from State and Federal operating grants, and \$26,121 was from investment earnings. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will make adjustments to the operations of this activity.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 12. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$288.9 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$255.4 million. Net changes in fund balances for the year were most significant in the General Fund (\$3.5) million and the Construction Fund \$36.2 million.

The decrease in the General Fund was primarily due to less grant money as Covid-19 funding phased out. The increase in the Construction Fund was due to unspent current year bond proceeds.

General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund revenues were budgeted at \$106.2 million with actual amounts of \$146.7 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$115.6 million compare with actual expenditures of \$155.2 million. The most significant fluctuation is for on-behalf payments of \$39.1 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024 the School District had \$313.0 million invested in land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and construction in progress, and \$311.7 million in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2024 and 2023 balances, net of depreciation.

(Table 4) Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		mental vities	Busine: Activ	ss-type vities	Total Primary Government		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	
Land and land improvements	\$ 17,802,938	\$ 13,654,097	\$ 16,790	\$ 16,790	\$ 17,819,728	\$ 13,670,887	
Construction in progress	54,985,472	36,863,368	-	-	54,985,472	36,863,368	
Buildings and improvements	224,914,522	228,981,793	8,580	9,620	224,923,102	228,991,413	
Technology	351,042	215,549	-	-	351,042	215,549	
Vehicles	11,111,928	6,714,626	91,728	77,283	11,203,656	6,791,909	
General equipment	2,279,120	2,122,065	1,460,104	1,480,564	3,739,224	3,602,629	
Leased general equipment	258,634	258,834					
Total	\$ 311,703,656	\$ 288,810,332	\$ 1,577,202	\$ 1,584,257	\$ 313,022,224	\$ 290,135,755	

Table 5 shows the changes in capital assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

(Table 5) Change in Capital Assets

	Govern Activ	mental vities	Busines Activ	,,	Total Primary Government		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	2024	2023	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	
Beginning balance	\$ 288,810,332	\$ 271,658,686	\$ 1,584,257	\$ 1,262,322	\$ 290,394,589	\$ 272,921,008	
Additions	42,569,085	28,974,631	224,976	536,532	42,794,061	29,511,163	
Retirements	(9, 153, 775)	(1,939,804)	(9,207)	-	(9,162,982)	(1,939,804)	
Depreciation and amortization	(10,521,986)	(9,883,181)	(222,824)	(214,597)	(10,744,810)	(10,097,778)	
Ending balance	\$ 311,703,656	\$ 288,810,332	\$ 1,577,202	\$ 1,584,257	\$ 313,280,858	\$ 290,394,589	

Ongoing construction costs are in construction in progress at June 30, 2024, principally the Central Hardin Project and an energy conservation project.

Debt

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$248.7 million in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$6.3 million is to be paid from KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$10.7 million is due within one year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

District Challenges for the Future

The most important challenge is to increase the academic achievement of our students. The District is continuing programs such as Reflex Math, My Path, Lexia, Dave Ramsey, No Red Ink, Edulastic, Newsela, and Apex in many schools as measures to improve learning and data quality. In addition, a data consultant has been hired to review the data within the District to measure program success. Technology is being funded at higher levels to increase student development with handheld devices. The District is striving to be one-to-one, bring-your-own-device, this is so important during this time given the at-home instruction. Improving overall teaching has been a focus with grow your own, portrait of learner, NewTech Network, teacher mentorship, and Orton-Gillingham trainings.

Central Hardin High School continues into Phase II of renovation and West Hardin Middle School construction will begin. Trane will continue an energy savings project for the district for HVAC and lightning upgrades.

The second District challenge is maintaining and improving average daily attendance. The District receives funding through the SEEK formula based on this count. Getting students back in the classroom after a pandemic is a challenge the district is facing. Many students are still being home-schooled or have gone to private schools. Hardin County's assessments are growing rapidly allowing for more revenue locally and less state revenue.

As a result of continued growth in average daily attendance, the District was able to levy a BRAC nickel in FY11 and this nickel has since been equalized by the state. This has enabled the District to add additional classroom space and improve the overall building culture. Adhering to the facilities plan is essential in providing excellent learning environments to meet the needs of all students. It is important to note good attendance correlates to student achievement. Maintaining excellence and emphasizing service to the public are the main factors influencing this District challenge.

The district spent the last of ESSER/ARP funds in FY24. These funds will not carry over to FY25. Several items such as fuel, nurses, and SRO's will be introduced back into the general fund budget. A huge economic development is set to open in Glendale which could cause an increase in student enrollment and help increase tax revenue.

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2024-2025 with a 2.4% contingency. Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes pay increases for all employees including TRS/CERS and issuing COLA raises, additional resources for home learning, spending for facility repairs outside of the bonded building and renovation projects, and continued funding of Board initiatives. Hardin County will be facing significant growth over the next five or more years due to the Ford Motor Company (Ford) factory being built in Glendale. The school system could face student growth, employee shortages, and the task of competing wages with businesses and Ford for classified employees.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or additional information needed should be directed to John Stith, Chief Operations Officer (270) 769-8800, 65 W. A. Jenkins Road, Elizabethtown, Kentucky, 42701.



Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities		Ві	usiness-Type Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Inventory Receivables:	\$	121,409,635 -	\$	6,209,129 257,053	\$	127,618,764 257,053
Taxes - current Other receivables Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal		967,245 210,265 230,149 3,430,718		- 1,350 - 169,663		967,245 211,615 230,149 3,600,381
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal Net OPEB asset - CERS Capital assets:		25,575 968,118		158,124		25,575 1,126,242
Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated		64,469,476		16,790		64,486,266
depreciation		247,234,180		1,560,412		248,794,592
Total assets	\$	438,945,361	\$	8,372,521	\$	447,317,882
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on debt refundings Deferred amount related to CERS pension Deferred amount related to CERS OPEB	\$	2,342,362 5,437,322 3,126,225	\$	- 1,444,526 510,611	\$	2,342,362 6,881,848 3,636,836
Deferred amount related to TRS MIF OPEB		18,072,232		-		18,072,232
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	28,978,141	\$	1,955,137	\$ <u></u>	30,933,278
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$	7,747,346 1,671,032	\$	71,877	\$	7,819,223 1,671,032
Bond obligations:		1,071,032		-		1,071,032
Due within one year		10,745,000		-		10,745,000
Due in more than one year Capital leases:		239,054,846		-		239,054,846
Due within one year		144,163		-		144,163
Due in more than one year Compensated absences		106,061		-		106,061
Due within one year		349,468		-		349,468
Due in more than one year		3,494,683		-		3,494,683
Interest payable Net pension liability - CERS		2,538,165 44,993,474		- 7,349,450		2,538,165 52,342,924
Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF		47,900,000		-		47,900,000
Total liabilities	\$ <u></u>	358,744,238	\$	7,421,327	\$	366,165,565
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred amount related to CERS pension		4,919,326		803,609		5,722,935
Deferred amount related to CERS OPEB Deferred amount related to TRS MIF OPEB		15,622,088 19,701,000		2,551,583 -		18,173,671 19,701,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	40,242,414		3,355,192		43,597,606
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	59,311,224	\$	1,577,202	\$	60,888,426
Restricted Unrestricted		75,946,965 (66,321,339)		- (2,026,063)		75,946,965 (68,347,402)
Total net position	<u></u>	68,936,850	\$	(448,861)	\$ <u></u>	68,487,989
rotal net position	*	00,000,000	*=	(110,001)	*=	00, 107,000

See accompanying notes.

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government

				Pro	ogram Revenues				Prima	ary Governmer	nt	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		perating Grants	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Ви	usiness-Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:												
Instruction	\$ 128,260,605	\$	2,207,947	\$	16,578,480	\$ -	\$	(109,474,178)	\$	-	\$	(109,474,178)
Support services:												
Student	11,281,864		-		760,372	-		(10,521,492)		-		(10,521,492)
Instruction staff	10,586,421		-		3,331,529	-		(7,254,892)		-		(7,254,892)
District administrative	2,430,929		-		-	-		(2,430,929)		-		(2,430,929)
School administrative	9,435,634		-		6,400	-		(9,429,234)		-		(9,429,234)
Business	3,103,682		-		8,714	-		(3,094,968)		-		(3,094,968)
Plant operation and maintenance	22,038,726		-		2,087,205	-		(19,951,521)		-		(19,951,521)
Student transportation	21,374,693		-		3,801,016	-		(17,573,677)		-		(17,573,677)
Community service activities	3,281,422		-		3,268,785	-		(12,637)		-		(12,637)
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		-		-	11,884,422		11,884,422		-		11,884,422
Other	368,591		-		71,224	-		(297,367)		-		(297,367)
Interest on long-term debt	 5,456,938	_	_	_	_		_	(5,456,938)	_			(5,456,938)
Total Governmental Activities	217,619,505		2,207,947		29,913,725	11,884,422		(173,613,411)		-		(173,613,411)
Business-Type Activities:								,				,
Food service	12,411,662		261,493		12,374,248	-		-		224,079		224,079
School Age Child Care	1,066,182		1,931,848		257,051	-		-		1,122,717		1,122,717
Early College and Career Center	46,111		55,699		-	-		-		9,588		9,588
Educational television	71,238		69,522		1,979	-		-		263		263
School Entrepeneurship	 1,686		4,384	_				<u> </u>		2,698		2,698
Total Business-Type Activities	 13,596,879		2,322,946		12,633,278			-		1,359,345		1,359,345
Total Primary Government	\$ 231,216,384	\$_	4,530,893	\$_	42,547,003	\$ <u>11,884,422</u>		(173,613,411)		1,359,345		(172,254,066)
General revenues:	 											
Property taxes								50,529,489		-		50,529,489
Motor vehicle taxes								5,470,581		-		5,470,581
Utility taxes								6,744,878		-		6,744,878
Other taxes								14,267		-		14,267
Investment earnings								705,720		26,121		731,841
State and formula grants								95,276,425		-		95,276,425
Miscellaneous revenues								892,788		-		892,788
Transfers								817,338		(817,338)		
Total general revenues and transfers							_	160,451,486		(791,217)		159,660,269
Change in net position								(13,161,925)		568,128		(12,593,797)
Net position, beginning of year								82,098,775		(1,016,989)		81,081,786
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							Φ_		Φ		Φ	
Net position, end of year							Ъ _	68,936,850	Ф	(448,861)	\$	68,487,989

See accompanying notes.



Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 44,198,59	93 \$ 324,0	37 \$ 74,103,611	\$ 2,783,394	\$ 121,409,635
Receivables: Taxes - current Other receivables Intergovernmental -	967,24 210,26		-	- -	967,245 210,265
State Intergovernmental -	-	230,1		-	230,149
Indirect Federal Intergovernmental -	-	3,430,7	18 -	-	3,430,718
Direct Federal		25,5	<u> </u>		25,575
Total assets	\$ <u>45,376,10</u>	<u>3</u> \$ 4,010,4	<u>79</u> \$ <u>74,103,611</u>	\$ <u>2,783,394</u>	\$ <u>126,273,587</u>
Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ 2,295,56 	1,671,0	32 -	<u> </u>	\$ 7,747,346 1,671,032
Total liabilities	2,295,56	39 2,907,2	4,202,550	13,018	9,418,378
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	2,172,29 2,652,54 20,000,00 18,255,69	45 - 00 - 99 -		2,770,376 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	75,946,965 2,652,545 20,000,000 18,255,699
Total liabilities and fund balances	43,080,53 \$ 45,376,10		-	2,770,376 \$ 2,783,394	116,855,209 \$ 126,273,587

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances	\$ 116,855,209
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	311,703,656
Governmental funds do not record debt refundings as other financing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	2,342,362
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	26,635,779
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net potion as deferred inflows of resources.	(40,242,414)
Certain long-term liabilities and assets are not reported in the fund financial statement, but they are presented in the statement of net position:	
Bonds payable (net of discounts and premiums)	(249,799,846)
Capital leases payable	(250,224)
Compensated absences	(3,844,151)
Interest payable	(2,538,165)
Net pension liability - CERS	(44,993,474)
Net OPEB asset - CERS	968,118
Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF	(47,900,000)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>68,936,850</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	S	Special Revenue Fund	_	Construction Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Tota	al Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$ 37,090,269	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,439,220	\$	50,529,489
Motor vehicle taxes	5,470,581	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	5,470,581
Utility taxes	6,744,878		_		_		_		6,744,878
Other taxes	14,267		_		_		_		14,267
Investment earnings	446,570		2,491		220,768		35,891		705,720
Other activities & local revenues	1,245,580		282,344		-		3,031,796		4,559,720
Intergovernmental - State	95,103,358		8,654,869		_		8,988,559		112,746,786
Intergovernmental - Indirect	33,103,330		0,004,000		_		0,500,555		112,740,700
Federal	382,062		20,221,075		_		_		20,603,137
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	173,508		440,816		-		_		614,324
intergoverninental - Direct i ederal	173,300	_	440,010	_		-			014,324
Total revenues	146,671,073		29,601,595		220,768		25,495,466		201,988,902
Expenditures:									
Instruction	84,994,320		16,578,480		_		2,339,747		103,912,547
Support services:	01,001,020		10,010,100				2,000,111		100,012,011
Student	10,519,580		760,372		_		1,912		11,281,864
Instruction staff	7,145,136		3,331,529		_		109,756		10,586,421
District administrative	2,430,929		-		_		-		2,430,929
School administrative	9,429,234		6,400		_		_		9,435,634
Business	3,094,968		8,714		-		_		3,103,682
Plant operation and	3,034,300		0,7 14						3,103,002
maintenance	19,926,489		2,087,205		_		25,032		22,038,726
Student transportation	17,539,418		3,801,016		_		34,259		21,374,693
Food service operation	2,443		39,187		_		- 04,200		41,630
Day care operations	20		1,764,518		_		_		1,764,538
Community services	10,174		1,465,080		_		_		1,475,254
Land/site acquisitions	112,563		1,400,000		-		-		112,563
Architectural/engineering	9,450		-		-		-		9,450
Adult education operations	9,430		71,224		-		-		71,224
Facilities acquisition and	-		11,224		-		-		11,224
construction					27,066,442				27,066,442
Other non-instruction	-		-		21,000,442		447,960		
	-		-		-		447,900		447,960
Debt service:							9,790,000		0.700.000
Principal Interest	-		-		-				9,790,000 <u>5,691,653</u>
IIIterest		_	-	_		-	5,691,653		3,091,033
Total expenditures	155,214,724	_	29,913,725	_	27,066,442	-	18,440,319		230,635,210
Other financing sources:									
Bond principal proceeds	-		-		59,635,000		-		59,635,000
Bond premium proceeds	-		-		1,639,503		-		1,639,503
Disposal of assets	70,045		-		-		-		70,045
Transfers in	7,569,816		1,094,847		2,499,196		14,399,223		25,563,082
Transfers out	(2,598,549)	_	(50,000)	_	(751,845)	_	(21,345,350)		(24,745,744)
Total other financial courses	E 044 242		1 044 947		62 004 054		(6.046.407)		60 161 000
Total other financial sources	5,041,312	_	1,044,847	-	63,021,854	-	(6,946,127)		62,161,886
Net change in fund balance	(3,502,339)		732,717		36,176,180		109,020		33,515,578
Fund balances, beginning of year	46,582,873		370,521		33,724,881		2,661,356		83,339,631
,		_		_		-			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 43,080,534	\$_	1,103,238	\$	69,901,061	\$	2,770,376	\$	116,855,209

See accompanying notes.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2024

333 33, 232 .	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 33,515,578
Amounts reported for Government Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	15,601,400
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	15,481,653
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the government funds, the proceeds for the sale increased financial resources.	(70,045)
The difference between actuarial pension and OPEB amounts and actual contribution amounts are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.	(133,347)
Debt proceeds are reported as financial sources in the fund financial statements, but are presented as liabilities in the statement of activities.	(61,274,503)
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	<u>(16,282,661</u>)

\$<u>(13,161,925)</u>

Change in Net Position for Governmental Activities



Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2024

	Fo	od Service Fund	Sch	ool Age Child Care	Oth	er Enterprise Funds	Tota	al Enterprise Funds
Assets								
Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net of doubtful accounts Inventory	\$	3,449,436 169,663 257,053	\$	2,665,299 - -	\$	94,394 1,350	\$	6,209,129 171,013 257,053
Total current assets		3,876,152		2,665,299		95,744		6,637,195
Non-current assets: Net OPEB asset - CERS Capital assets:		133,347		24,777		-		158,124
Non-depreciable capital assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		16,790 1,560,412		-				16,790 1,560,412
Total non-current assets		1,710,549		24,777				1,735,326
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	5,586,701	\$	2,690,076	\$	95,744	\$	8,372,521
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred amount related to pension plan Deferred amount related to OPEB	\$	1,218,821 430,601	\$	225,705 80,010	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,444,526 510,611
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,649,422	\$	305,715	\$	-	\$	1,955,137
Liabilities								
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	67,909	\$	86	\$	3,882	\$	71,877
Non-current liabilities: Net pension liability - CERS		6,199,943		1,149,507				7,349,450
Total liabilities	\$	6,267,852	\$	1,149,593	\$	3,882	\$	7,421,327
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred amount related to CERS pension Deferred amount related to CERS OPEB	\$	678,148 2,151,762	\$	125,461 399,821	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	803,609 2,551,583
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,829,910	\$	525,282	\$		\$	3,355,192
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	1,577,202 (3,438,841)	\$	- 1,320,916	\$	- 91,862	\$	1,577,202 (2,026,063)
Total net position	\$	(1,861,639)	\$	1,320,916	\$	91,862	\$	(448,861)

See accompanying notes.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund	School Age Child Care	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues: Tuition and fees Lunchroom sales Other	\$ - 248,759 12,734	\$ 1,931,848 -	\$ 129,605 -	\$ 2,061,453 248,759 12,734
Total operating revenues	261,493	1,931,848	129,605	2,322,946
Operating expenses: Salaries and wages	4,473,684	929,043	8,004	5,410,731
Materials and supplies Depreciation	7,262,053 222,824	- -	76,456 -	7,338,509 222,824
Other operating expenses Total operating expenses	443,892 12,402,453	<u>137,139</u> <u>1,066,182</u>	34,575 119,035	615,606 13,587,670
Operating income (loss)	(12,140,960)	865,666	10,570	(11,264,724)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	0.075.400			0.075.400
Federal grants Donated commodities State grants	9,975,469 904,375 85,705	- - -	- - -	9,975,469 904,375 85,705
Loss on sale of assets State on-behalf payments	(9,209) 1,408,699	- 257,051	- 1,979	(9,209) 1,667,729
Interest income	<u>26,121</u> 12,391,160	257,051	1,979	<u>26,121</u> 12,650,190
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	12,391,100	237,031	1,979	12,030,190
Transfers out Changes in net position	(640,873)	(176,465)		(817,338)
Net position, beginning of year	(390,673) (1,470,966)	946,252 374,664	12,549 79,313	568,128 (1,016,989)
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>(1,861,639</u>)	\$ <u>1,320,916</u>	\$ 91,862	\$ <u>(448,861</u>)

${\bf HARDIN\ COUNTY\ SCHOOL\ DISTRICT})$

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2024

		Food Service Fund	s	chool Age Child Care	0	ther Enterprise Funds	To	otal- Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from lunchroom sales Cash received from other Cash received from tuition and fees Cash payments made to employees Cash payments made to suppliers Cash payments made for other goods and services Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	193,516 163,327 - (4,624,278) (7,262,053) (510,899)	\$	- 2,094,449 (929,041) (56,664) (137,139) 971,605	\$	- 72,675 (130) (45,715) (1,517)	\$ 	193,516 163,327 2,167,124 (5,553,449) (7,364,432) (649,555)
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities: Federal grants State grants Transfers to other funds Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	(12,040,387) 11,065,174 85,705 (640,873) 10,510,006	_	- - (176,465) (176,465)	_		_	(11,043,469) 11,065,174 85,705 (817,338) 10,333,541
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	26,121 (1,504,260) 4,953,696	_	795,140 1,870,159	_	25,313 69,081	_	26,121 (683,807) 6,892,936
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments: Depreciation Donated commodities State on-behalf payments CERS pension expense CERS OPEB expenses Increase (decrease) in cash due to: Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$= \$ \$	3,449,436 (12,140,960) 222,824 904,375 1,408,699 (1,837,026) (718,046) 15,962 39,280 64,505 (12,040,387)	\$ \$ - \$	2,665,299 865,666 - 257,051 (56,470) (94,642) 971,605	\$ <u> </u>	94,394 10,570 - 1,979 - 12,764 - 25,313	\$ <u> </u>	6,209,129 (11,264,724) 222,824 904,375 1,667,729 (1,893,496) (812,688) 28,726 39,280 64,505 (11,043,469)
Schedule of Non-cash Transactions Donated commodities received from federal government State on-behalf payments CERS pension expense CERS OPEB expense	\$ \$ \$	904,375 1,408,699 (1,837,026) (718,046)	\$ \$ \$	- 257,051 (56,470) (94,642)	\$ \$ \$ \$	- 1,979 - -	\$ \$ \$ \$	904,375 1,667,729 (1,893,496) (812,688)

See accompanying notes.

Statement of Fiduciary Funds Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund - Scholarship
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>158,742</u>
Net Position	\$ <u>158,742</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Funds Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund - <u>Scholarship</u>	
Additions Net interest and investment gains Other additions	\$ 958 3,208	
Deductions Expenses paid	(<u>800</u>)	
Changes in net position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	3,366 155,376 \$158,742	

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Hardin County School District (the District) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental entities. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reporting Entity

The Hardin County Board of Education (the Board) is the level of government that has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. The citizens of Hardin County elect the 5 board members. The Board has decision-making authority, the power to designate management, and the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. These operations consist of organizations that make up its legal entity and legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. In accordance with GAAP, the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, District management has determined that the component unit reportable within the accompanying financial statements is the Hardin County School District Finance Corporation, (the Corporation). The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself, such as Boosters and Parent-Teacher Associations.

In a prior year, the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Corporation. The purpose of the Corporation is to serve as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been blended with those of the District (i.e. reported as if they were part of the District). The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Basic Financial Statements

District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the District-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The reporting model focus is either on the District as a whole or on major individual funds. The District-Wide Financial Statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The District-Wide Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either Governmental or Business-Type. Governmental Activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-Type Activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, both the Governmental and Business-Type Activities are presented on a consolidated basis by column.

The District-Wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function (Instruction, Support Services, Community Service Activities, etc.) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses (including depreciation) are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues are directly associated with the function and include charges for services, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while capital grants are capital-specific. General taxes, license fees and permits, service fees and rentals, interest income and other revenues not included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds. The individual Governmental and Proprietary Funds are reported as separate columns in the Fund Financial Statements.

The District-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities, including long term assets as well as long term debt and obligations, are included in the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the period end. Revenues susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings, general taxes and license fees. Revenues not susceptible to accrual are recorded as revenues when they are received because they are not generally measurable or available until actually received. Intergovernmental revenues received for specific purposes or projects are recognized when the applicable eligibility requirements are met.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Basic Financial Statements, continued

District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, continued

Revenues received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenue. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred except debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures and issuance of long-term debt is reported as other financing sources.

Since the Governmental Fund Financial Statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the District-Wide Financial Statements' Governmental Activities column, reconciliations are presented on the page following each statement which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the Fund Financial Statements into the Governmental Activities column of the District-Wide presentation.

Governmental Funds

The District finances most of its functions through the Governmental Funds. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income. The District reports the following Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the primary operating unit of the District and accounts for the revenues and expenditures not specifically provided for in other funds. Most of the essential governmental services such as student support services, instruction staff support services, and general administration are reported in this fund. This is a major fund of the District.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods, as well as the state grant programs. The District employs project accounting to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

<u>District Activity Fund</u> - is a Special Revenue Fund type that is used to account for funds received at the school level.

<u>School Activity Fund</u> - is a Special Revenue Fund type that accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Governmental Funds, continued

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

- o The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the State as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects that are identified in the District's facility plan.
- The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities, which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and other items. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District reports the following Proprietary Funds:

<u>Food Service Fund</u> - is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

<u>School Age Child Care program</u> - is used to account for funds received from tuition fees charges for after school care of students. This is a major fund of the District.

<u>Early College and Career Center program</u> - is used to account for funds received from activities held at the Early College and Career Center.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Proprietary Funds, continued

<u>Educational Television program</u> - is used to account for funds received from production services and the sale of recorded media

<u>School Entrepreneurship fund</u> - is used to account for sales from schools for goods made during classes.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

<u>Custodial Fund</u> – Scholarships are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Revenues consist of donations and interest income. Expenditures represent scholarships.

Net Position/Fund Balance

The District-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements utilize a net position presentation. Net Position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - This classification is intended to reflect the portion of Net Position associated with capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), less outstanding capital assets related debt (net of unspent bond proceeds).

<u>Restricted</u> - This classification represents amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, law/regulations of other governments or constitutional provisions, or (b) from enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This classification represents amounts not appropriated for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific future use.

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has no nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Net Position/Fund Balance, continued

- <u>Restricted</u> This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2024, the District had \$2,172,290 restricted for sick leave in the General Fund, \$1,103,238 restricted by grants in the Special Revenue Fund, \$707,508 restricted for school activities in the District Activity Fund, \$1,358,796 restricted for school activities in the Student Activity Fund, \$374,637 restricted for capital projects in the FSPK Fund, \$69,901,061 restricted for capital projects in the Construction Fund and \$329,435 restricted for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.
- <u>Committed</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (i.e. an Ordinance) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. The District had the following General Fund commitments at June 30, 2024: \$115,000 for Map Assessment, \$300,000 for technology, \$516,735 for construction, \$159,000 for textbooks, \$270,000 for nurses, \$885,320 for EC3 equipment and costs, and \$406,490 for student resources.
- <u>Assigned</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be
 used for a specific purpose or through the budgetary process. As of June 30, 2024, the District
 had \$20 million assigned for future growth due to economic expansion.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

The District typically uses restricted balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned or unrestricted resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Revenue Recognition

State Revenue Sources – Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), administered by the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE). The District files reports on average daily attendance (ADA) student membership with the KDE. The KDE accumulates information from these reports and calculates the allocation of SEEK funds to the District. After review and verification of ADA reports and supporting documentation, the KDE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of SEEK funding. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the reduction is made, as amounts are not significant.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Revenue Recognition, continued

Property Taxes – On an accrual basis, property tax revenue anticipated to be collected is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is levied. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue during the fiscal year in which they are received.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, money market funds, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 66.480 authorizes the District to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of its operations, the District has transactions between funds for items such as financing operations, providing services, constructing assets and servicing debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2024, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded as "due to/from other funds".

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The food service fund uses the specific identification method, and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items, including school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, and commodities. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Capital Assets, continued

These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and historical cost) and are updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Land and building improvements are capitalized. However, the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but instead charged to expense. All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost). All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

For both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets, depreciation is calculated over the estimated useful service lives of the respective assets using the straight-line depreciation method as follows:

Asset Type	<u>Useful Lite</u>
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicle	5 - 10 years
General equipment	5 - 15 years
Food service equipment	5 - 12 years

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences include payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of retirement contributions and applicable taxes. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount, depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. Compensated absence amounts are calculated using the termination method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of retirements and employee resignations. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

Compensated absences include accumulated unpaid leave benefits. District employees are granted leave benefits in varying amounts in accordance with administrative policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Compensated Absences, continued

All accumulated leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. In Governmental Funds, compensated absences are not payable with available and spendable resources, therefore, they are only recorded when they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or when employees have taken vacation or sick time.

Long-Term Obligations

In the District-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, long term debt and obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, or Proprietary Fund Statements of Net Position. In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, bond proceeds, premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The face amount of debt issued plus any premium is reported as other financing resources. Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures and are expensed when incurred. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. The discounts and premiums related to bonds issued are amortized over the life of the bond using the straight-line method and are included within bonds obligations. Deferred amounts on advance refundings are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded bonds or the life of the new bonds, both in a systematic and a rational method, which approximates the effective-interest method, and are shown as deferred outflows of resources.

Pensions and OPEB

The District participates in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) administered by the Board of Trustees of CERS. The District also participates in the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). These are a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension and OPEB plans, which cover all eligible full-time employees and provide for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

Cost-sharing governmental employers, such as the District, are required to report a net pension and OPEB liability or asset, pension and OPEB expense, and pension and OPEB-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all governments in the plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities or assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of CERS and TRS and additions to or deductions from CERS's and TRS's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS and TRS. The CERS and TRS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to CERS and TRS are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Pensions and OPEB, continued

All governments participating in the defined benefit pension and OPEB plans are also required to disclose various information in the footnotes to the financial statements - see Note 8.

Budgetary Principles

The Superintendent must submit the proposed budget for all funds other than school-based activity funds to members of the Board each year. The Board Members will then discuss and, where so desired, amend the proposed budget and will adopt a final budget by September 30 of each fiscal year. Any adjustments to the adopted budget must be approved by the Board.

Budget information is presented for the General Fund and other funds with a legally-adopted budget. This budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with GAAP. Budgetary revenues represent original estimates modified for any adjustments authorized by the Board during the fiscal year. Budgetary expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted for budget transfers and additional appropriations approved during the fiscal year. Although budgets are prepared on a line-item basis by cost enter for each department, expenditures may legally exceed budget in these areas but may not exceed the budget in total. District Activity Funds and Student Activity Funds do not have legally-adopted budgets and budgetary information is not presented for these funds.

Encumbrances

Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded under encumbrance accounting for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and accordingly, amounts assigned for encumbrances at the governmental fund level indicate the portion of the fund balance segregated for expenditure upon vendor performance.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for accounting and disclosure requirements through November 11, 2024, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 receive a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Property Taxes, continued

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance operations were \$.652 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.652 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.540 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles. The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power and gas.

Tax revenues are recognized when cash is received. At year-end, revenue and a receivable is recorded for taxes collected within 60 days of the close of the fiscal year.

3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The District maintains deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the FDIC as required by KRS. According to KRS, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the District and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2024, \$53,090,948 of the District's bank balance of \$53,340,948 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The bank balance not covered by depository insurance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS. As of June 30, 2024, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments, continued

Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Average Credit Quality/ Ratings (1)	Maturity Less than 1 Year
U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$ 43,017,038	AA+	\$ 43,017,038
Municipal Bonds	7,354,851	AA3	7,354,851
Municipal Bonds	2,718,815	AA2	2,718,815
Municipal Bonds	1,116,443	AA1	1,116,443
Municipal Bonds	1,888,106	A3	1,888,106
Municipal Bonds	24,775,746	None	<u>24,775,746</u>
	\$ <u>80,870,999</u>		\$ 80,870,999

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the District's investing activities are under the custody of the District Finance Director. Investing policies comply with State statutes. KRS 66.480 defines the following items as permissible investments:

- Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;
- Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency;
- Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the FDIC or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240(4);
- Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments, continued

Investments, continued

Credit Risk, continued

- Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics:
 - 1. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended;
 - 2. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five (5) years; and
 - 3. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District had investments at June 30, 2024 with more than 5% of the total in municipal bonds. The investments represented 57% of total investments.

4. Interfund Transfers

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Special Revenue	Grants	\$ 293,002
General	Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service	1,452,815
General	Construction	Construction	852,732
Special Revenue	Special Revenue	Internal	50,000
Nonmajor Governmental	General	BFFT	6,752,478
School Age Childcare	General	Equipment	176,465
Nonmajor Governmental	Construction	Construction	1,646,464
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	Operations	150,593
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service	12,795,815
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	640,873
Construction Fund	Special Revenue	Capital Assets	751,845

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

5. Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets that are not depreciat	ed:			
Land	\$ 8,787,004	\$ 697,000	\$ -	\$ 9,484,004
Construction in progress	36,863,368	27,192,661	(9,070,557)	54,985,472
Total non-depreciable capital assets	45,650,372	27,889,661	(9,070,557)	64,469,476
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Land improvements	11,532,847	3,826,183	-	15,359,030
Buildings and improvements	343,661,910	3,637,613	(90,462)	347,209,061
Technology equipment	4,002,246	200,000	(550,683)	3,651,563
Vehicles	20,740,851	5,956,102	(278,294)	26,418,659
General equipment	9,006,830	640,504	(312,397)	9,334,937
Total capital assets that are being depreciated	388,944,684	14,260,402	(1,231,836)	401,973,250
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	\$ (6,665,754)	\$ (374,342)	\$ -	\$ (7,040,096)
Buildings and improvements	(114,680,117)	(7,646,353)	31,931	(122,294,539)
Technology equipment	(3,786,697)	(62,923)	549,099	(3,300,521)
Vehicles	(14,026,225)	(1,551,969)	271,463	(15,306,731)
General equipment	(6,884,765)	(467,177)	<u>296,125</u>	(7,055,817)
Total accumulated depreciation	(146,043,558)	(10,102,764)	1,148,618	(154,997,704)
Lease assets:				
Leased general equipment	977,152	419,022	-	1,396,174
Accumulated amortization	(718,318)	(419,222)		(1,137,540)
Net lease assets	258,834	(200)		258,634
Net depreciable capital assets	243,159,960	4,157,438	(83,218)	247,234,180
Net Governmental Activities	\$ <u>288,810,332</u>	\$ <u>32,047,099</u>	\$ <u>(9,153,775</u>)	\$ <u>311,703,656</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

5. Capital Assets, continued

		Beginning Balance		Increases	[Decreases	En	iding Balance
Business-Type Activities:						_		_
Capital assets that are not								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	16,790	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,790
Capital assets that are								
depreciated:								
Land improvements		14,407		-		-		14,407
Buildings and improvements		200,716		-		-		200,716
Technology equipment		1,779		-		-		1,779
Vehicles		277,850		37,450		-		315,300
General equipment	_	4,804,303	_	187, <u>526</u>	_	<u>(59,639</u>)	_	4,932,190
Total capital assets that are								
being depreciated		F 000 0FF		004.070		(50,000)		E 404 000
being depreciated		5,299,055		224,976		(59,639)		5,464,392
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Land improvements		(14,407)		-		-		(14,407)
Buildings and improvements		(191,096)		(1,040)		-		(192,136)
Technology equipment		(1,779)		-		-		` (1,779)
Vehicles		(200,567)		(23,005)		-		(223,572)
General equipment		(3,323,739)		(1 <u>98</u> ,777)		50,430		(3,472,086)
Total accumulated		(3,731,588)		(222,822)		50,430		(3,903,980)
depreciation		,		,				,
Net depreciable capital assets	_	1,567,467	-	<u>2,154</u>	_	(9,209)		1,560,412
Net Business-Type Activities	\$_	1,584,257	\$	2,154	\$_	(9,209)	\$_	1,577,202

Depreciation expense was charged to the Governmental Activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 8,264,288
Instructional staff	75
District administration	39,057
School administration	1,494
Business support	18,224
Plant	333,589
Transportation	 1,446,037
Total depreciation expense	\$ 10,102,764

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

5. Capital Assets, continued

Depreciation expense was charged to the Business-Type Activities as follows:

Food service

\$ 222,824

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases commercial insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Long-term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	_ <u>E</u>	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Revenue bonds Add: premium Less: discount	\$	198,820,000 2,145,419 (832,617)	\$ 59,635,000 1,639,503 -	\$ (9,790,000) (1,921,779) 104,320	\$ 248,665,000 1,863,143 (728,297)	\$ 10,754,000 - -
Total bond obligations	\$	200,132,802	\$ 61,274,503	\$ (11,607,459)	\$ 249,799,846	\$ 10,754,000
Capital Leases	\$	437,095	\$ -	\$ (186,871)	\$ 250,224	\$ 144,163
Compensated absences	\$	3,693,429	\$ 150,722	\$ -	\$ 3,844,151	\$ 394,468

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the general, capital outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying leases and compensated absences.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Hardin County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

7. Long-term Liabilities, continued

Bond Obligations

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

	0		Balance
	Original		Outstanding
Issuer	Proceeds	Rates	June 30, 2024
2014	21,230,000	2.00% - 3.50%	\$ 12,580,000
2014R	2,875,000	2.00% - 3.00%	655,000
2014R2	7,300,000	2.00% - 3.00%	1,950,000
2015A	14,510,000	2.00% - 3.25%	11,050,000
2015R	10,000,000	2.00% - 3.00%	3,565,000
2016R	25,925,000	2.00% - 3.00%	24,030,000
2016	19,675,000	2.00% - 2.625%	19,150,000
West Point 2016	1,425,000	2.00%	585,000
2017R	5,895,000	3.00% - 4.00%	4,635,000
West Point 2018	505,000	3.20%	385,000
2019	46,180,000	3.00% - 5.00%	44,115,000
2021	52,525,000	2.00% - 5.00%	51,975,000
2021R	14,620,000	2.00%	14,355,000
2024 Energy Conservation Measures	14,250,000	5.00%	14,250,000
2024 School Building Revenue	45,385,000	4.00% - 5.00%	45,385,000

\$ 248,665,000

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

7. Long-term Liabilities, continued

Bond Obligations, continued

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity for all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity, and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	District's Portion
2025	\$ 10,745,000	\$ 7,529,380	\$ 972,983	\$ 17,301,397
2026	10,725,000	7,498,373	978,141	17,245,232
2027	10,730,000	7,083,273	853,442	16,959,831
2028	11,115,000	6,601,273	738,589	16,977,684
2029	11,365,000	6,181,873	551,500	16,995,373
2030-2034	60,755,000	25,623,923	1,770,289	84,608,634
2035-2039	68,315,000	16,291,062	1,425,141	83,180,921
2040-2044	64,915,000	6,175,887	195,792	70,895,095
	\$ <u>248,665,000</u>	\$ <u>82,985,044</u>	\$ <u>7,485,877</u>	\$ <u>324,164,167</u>

Capital Leases

The District leases various copiers with a capitalized value of \$1,396,174 at June 30, 2024. These assets are included in capital assets and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the asset.

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024:

Description	Year	Amount	
Total minimum lease payments	2025 2026	\$	157,706 114,661 272,367
Less: Amount representing interest			(22,143)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments		\$ <u></u>	250,224

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans

Plan Descriptions

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the State.

TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the Commonwealth) and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/employers/information/gasb-65-67/.

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the CERS Board of Trustees under the provisions of KRS 61.646. CERS is governed by a 9-member board of trustees. Another 9-member board of trustees called the Kentucky Retirement Systems oversees the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems (KERS) and the State Police Retirement System (SPRS). The administrative entity comprising the office of counselors and professional staff is referred to as the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). It is governed by a third 8-member board composed of trustees from the boards of trustees of CERS and the Kentucky Retirement Systems. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/, by writing to the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by calling (502) 696-8800.

TRS

Benefits Provided -

For Members Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS, continued

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) on or after July 1, 2002 receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members on or after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire on July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty percent (60%) of the final average salary.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half percent (1.5%) annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service, or
- 3) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS, continued

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by KRS. The Commonwealth contributes 100 percent of school districts' contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined. Employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their annual salary. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 13.105% of salaries for members in the plan before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The District made no contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2024. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS Pension - At June 30, 2024, the District reported no net pension liability because it did not have a proportionate share of the net pension liability. The related Commonwealth share of the net pension liability was \$346,264,513.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the Commonwealth, actuarially determined.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$45,992,584 and revenue of \$45,992,584 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2024, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00 - 7.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.37%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS, continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Assat Olsses	Allocation	Rate of Return
Asset Class:		
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.40 %	5.00%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.60 %	5.50%
Developer International Equity	15.70 %	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.30 %	6.10%
Fixed Income	15.00 %	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	5.00 %	3.80%
Other	5.00 %	3.60%
Real Estate	7.00 %	3.20%
Private Equity	7.00 %	8.00%
Cash	2.00 %	1.60%
Total	100.00 %	:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The District has no proportional share of the net pension liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS, continued

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
TRS net pension liability	\$22,852,220	\$17,785,381	\$13,563,822

CERS Pension

CERS Benefits Provided - The CERS Pension Fund covers all eligible full-time employees and provide retirement, disability and death benefits, and health insurance benefits. Benefit contributions and provisions are actuarially determined, per KRS Section 78.454(33), each year. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the KPPA, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, by visiting the website at www.kyret.ky.gov or by calling (502) 696-8800.

Non-hazardous employees can retire with full retirement benefits after 27 years of service or age 65. Non-hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit. Retirement benefits are determined based upon a maximum of 2.2 percent of the employee's years of service multiplied by their Final Compensation. Final Compensation is calculated based upon the average of the five highest fiscal years (or last five fiscal years for employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008) of salary prior to attainment of the CERS specified age (or age and service combinations).

CERS allows non-hazardous employees to retire prior to meeting the requirements above and receive partial benefits, providing they meet certain age and service related criteria. CERS allows non-hazardous employees to retire prior to meeting the requirements above and receive partial benefits, providing they meet certain age and service related criteria.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS Pension, continued

Contributions - Benefit and contribution rates are established by state statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their salary to the plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008 were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Non-hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 6.00% of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5.00% will go to the member's account and 1.00% will go to the Insurance Fund. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per KRS Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The District's' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 23.34% percent of annual creditable compensation. The contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$2,660,851.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS Pension - At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$52,342,924 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .816%, which was an increase of .028% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,107,162. At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS Pension, continued

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	713,986
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions		2,709,692		142,231 4,797,265
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,511,305		69,453
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2023	_	2,660,851	_	
Total	\$_	6,881,848	\$_	5,722,935

The amount reported as deferred outflows for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2024 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2025	\$	(752,289)
2026		(1,411,427)
2027		1,168,506
2028	_	(506,728)
Total	\$_	(1,501,938)

Actuarial Assumptions - For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 was performed by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS). The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The CERS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022", and include a change in investment return assumption from 6.25% to 6.50%. House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session and reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, with the lump-sum options expanded to include 48 or 60 times the member's monthly retirement allowance. House Bill 506 also adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month under all circumstances. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS Pension, continued

The actuarial assumptions for CERS are:

Inflation 2.50% Payroll growth rate 2.00%

Salary increases 3.30 - 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

3.55 - 19.05%, varies by service for CERS hazardous

Investment rate of return 6.50%

The mortality table used for active members was a PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Plan, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Plan, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023.

The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class for CERS are summarized as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class:	7 1100011011	rate of recurr
Equity:		
Public Equity	50.00 %	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00 %	11.73%
Fixed Income:		
Core Bonds	10.00 %	2.45%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00 %	3.65%
Cash	0.00 %	1.39%
Inflation Protected:		
Real Estate	7.00 %	4.99%
Real Return	13.00 %	5.15%
Total	100.00 %	•

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS Pension, continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the required contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's share of the			
net pension liability	\$66,086,104	\$52,342,924	\$40,921,825

CERS OPEB Plan

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB - At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$1,126,242 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's actual contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating organizations.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods is publicly available on the website at www.kyret.ky.gov or can be obtained as described previously.

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS OPEB Plan, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized an OPEB benefit of \$490,559. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Not difference between projected and actual cornings on		resources	_	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$	-	\$	261,380
Difference between expected and actual experience		785,161		15,991,508
Change of assumptions		2,216,365		1,544,584
Change in proportion and differences between employer		005.040		270 400
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		635,310		376,199
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2023	_		_	
Total	\$_	3,636,836	\$_	18,173,671

The deferred outflows of resources related to the District's contributions to the OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. The deferred outflows of resources related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments are amortized and recognized in OPEB expense over five years. All other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB are amortized and recognized in OPEB expense over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided OPEB through the OPEB plan, which is 4.85 years for non-hazardous employees. The net decrease in OPEB expense for future years related to the amortization of deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2025	\$ (3,609,884)
2026	(4,563,619)
2027	(3,374,693)
2028	(2,988,639)
Total	\$ (14,536,835)

Actuarial assumptions – For financial reporting the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, was performed by GRS. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023, were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS OPEB Plan, continued

The CERS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022". House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session and reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, and adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month under all circumstances. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2022 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plans' anticipated long-term healthcare cost increases. In general, the updated assumption is assuming higher future increases in healthcare costs. There were no other material assumption changes.

The actuarial assumptions for CERS are:

Inflation 2.50% Payroll growth rate 2.00%

3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service Salary increase

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Healthcare trend rates:

Pre – 65 Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of

13 years.

Post - 65 Initial trend starting at 8.50% at January 1, 2025, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of

13 years.

Mortality:

Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General Mortality table for non-hazardous and the

> PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for hazardous, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement

scale using a base year of 2010.

Post-retirement System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 (non-disabled)

mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

Post-retirement

PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates (disabled)

from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base

year of 2010.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS OPEB Plan, continued

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method, in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class.

The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class for CERS are summarized as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class:		
Public Equity	50.00 %	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00 %	11.73%
Core Fixed Income	10.00 %	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00 %	3.65%
Cash	- %	1.39%
Real Estate	7.00 %	4.99%
Real Return	<u>13.00</u> %	5.15%
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB asset increased from 5.70% to 5.93% for the non-hazardous fund. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.93% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.50%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of KPPA's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of KPPA's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the pension section above.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

CERS OPEB Plan, continued

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's share of the			
net OPEB asset	\$ (2,113,524)	\$ 1,126,242	\$ 3,609,801

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's share of the			
net OPEB asset	\$ 3,609,801	\$ 1,126,242	\$ (1,924,577)

TRS Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.00%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Medical Insurance Fund, continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs - At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$47,900,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 1.966619%, which was an increase of .470888% from the liability as measured at June 30, 2022.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Commonwealth proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	•	25,992,000 21,908,000
Total	\$_	47,900,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,166,319 and revenue of \$1,704,333 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 8,810,000
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,909,000	-
Difference between projected and actual investment		
earnings	486,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	9,597,000	10,891,000
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the		
measurement date of June 30, 2023	2,080,232	
Total	\$ <u>18,072,232</u>	\$ <u>19,701,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Medical Insurance Fund, continued

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$2,080,232 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2025	\$ (1	,299,000)
2026	(1	,122,000)
2027	`	440,000
2028		146,000
2029		(833,000)
Thereafter	(1	,041,000)
Total	\$ <u>(3</u>	,709,000)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, i	ncluding
	, == p =xp	

inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation Inflation rate 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Real wage growth 2.50% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Medical trend 6.75% for fiscal year 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 4.50% by fiscal year 2032

Medicare Part B Premiums 1.55% for fiscal year 023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by

fiscal year 2034

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66% Discount Rate 7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Amount-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, deferred vested retirees, and active members.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Medical Insurance Fund, continued

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll-forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return
Asset Class:		
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4 %	5.00%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6 %	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.0 %	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0 %	6.10%
Fixed Income	9.0 %	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	8.0 %	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	9.0 %	3.70%
Real Estate	6.5 %	3.20%
Private Equity	8.5 %	8.00%
Cash	1.0 %	1.60%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Medical Insurance Fund, continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the required contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.10 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's share of the			
net OPEB liability	\$33,431,000	\$25,992,000	\$19,843,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.10 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's share of the			
net OPEB liability	\$18,712,000	\$25,992,000	\$35,057,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

TRS Life Insurance Fund

Plan description – TRS administers the life insurance fund as provided by KRS 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Life Insurance Fund, continued

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the Commonwealth.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs - At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$0 and the Commonwealth's total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was \$542,000. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 1.921021%, which was a decrease of .029917% percent from the liability as measured at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$53,922 and revenue of \$53,922 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2023, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB.

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation Inflation rate 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Real wage growth 2.50%
Wage Inflation 2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%
Discount Rate 7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Amount-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, deferred vested retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Life Insurance Fund, continued

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll-forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class:		
U.S. Equity	40.0 %	5.20%
Developed International Equity	15.0 %	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0 %	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.0 %	1.90%
Other Additional Categories	5.0 %	4.00%
Real Estate	7.0 %	3.20%
Private Equity	5.0 %	8.00%
Cash	2.0 %	1.60%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Retirement Plans, continued

TRS Life Insurance Fund, continued

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The District has no proportional share of the net OPEB liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

			1%	Discount				
			Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
System's	net	OPEB						
liability (in	n thou	ısands)	\$ 45,402	\$	28,224	\$	14,326	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The District's employees may elect to participate in two deferred compensation plans offered by the Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority under sections 401(k) and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plans, employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation after deducting required contributions to the CERS plan. The District does not make matching contributions to these plans.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GAAP allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities on these financial statements.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor determines that the funds were not used for their intended purpose, then the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or may refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' determination that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

9. Commitments and Contingencies, continued

The District is subject to various other legal actions, which are in various stages of litigation, the outcomes of which are not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that the cases in progress will have any material effect on the basic financial statements.

The District has construction commitments of approximately \$9.5 million for ongoing facilities projects.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss.

Litigation

There are no significant lawsuits or claims pending against the District.

Liens and Encumbrances

While the District has satisfactory title to all owned assets, there may be some liens and encumbrances on such assets for matters unrelated to bond issues. Only a complete title search of all properties would disclose such liens and encumbrances.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized during the year to facilitate effective budgetary control. Encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year of incurrence of the commitment to purchase.

10. Related Party Transactions

In a governmental entity, related parties include members of the governing body, administrative officials, immediate family members of the preceding individuals, and affiliated governmental units that are not included in the financial statements as part of the reporting entity. The District does not have any related parties.

11. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

The Food Service Fund had a deficit net position at June 30, 2024 in the amount of \$1,861,639. The deficit net position is a result of the recording of the net pension and OPEB liabilities. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net position:

General Fund \$ 3,502,339 Food Service Fund 390,673

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

12. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" requiring the District to recognize liabilities for compensated absences for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This statement becomes effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The District is evaluating the impact of this statement on the financial statements.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102 "Certain Risk Disclosures", which provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This Statement defines a concentration as a lack of diversity related to an aspect of a significant inflow of resources or outflow of resources. A constraint is a limitation imposed on a government by an external party or by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. This statement becomes effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The District is evaluating the impact of this statement on the financial statements.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103 "Financial Reporting Model Improvements", which requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five sections: (1) Overview of the Financial Statements, (2) Financial Summary, (3) Detailed Analyses, (4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity, and (5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions. Furthermore, this Statement stresses that the detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed. This Statement emphasizes that the analysis provided in MD&A should avoid unnecessary duplication by not repeating explanations that may be relevant to multiple sections and that "boilerplate" discussions should be avoided by presenting only the most relevant information, focused on the primary government. In addition, this Statement continues the requirement that information included in MD&A distinguish between that of the primary government and its discretely presented component units. This statement becomes effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. The District is evaluating the impact of this statement on the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

13. On-Behalf Payments

The District receives on-behalf payments from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amounts received and funds where these items were recorded for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

General Fund	\$39,122,456
Debt Service Fund	1,233,022
Food Service Fund	1,408,699
Daycare Operations Fund	257,051
Educational Television Fund	1,979



General Fund - Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget			Final Budget	A	ctual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Taxes:	Φ.	20 700 700	Φ	00 700 700	Φ.	04 004 004	Φ.	0.404.000
General real property	\$	32,702,702	\$	32,702,702	\$	34,884,034	\$	2,181,332
PSC real property		1,400,000 200,000		1,400,000		1,688,508		288,508 210,542
Delinquent property Motor vehicle		4,300,000		200,000		410,542		1,170,581
Unmined minerals		2,000		4,300,000 2,000		5,470,581 14,267		12,267
Utilities		6,200,000		6,200,000		6,744,878		544,878
Omitted property		200,000		200,000		107,185		(92,815)
Revenue in lieu of taxes		4,173,086		4,173,086		78,892		(4,094,194)
Transportation		5,000		5,000		3,255		(1,745)
Earnings on investments		500,000		500,000		446,570		(53,430)
Student activities		5,000		5,000		4,483		(517)
Community service activities		121,610		121,610		122,111		501
Other local revenues		300,859		300,859		1,036,839		735,980
Intergovernmental - State		55,806,974		55,806,974		95,103,358		39,296,384
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal		240,000		240,000		382,062		142,062
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	_	50,000	_	50,000	_	173,508	_	123,508
Total revenues		106,207,231		106,207,231		146,671,073		40,463,842
Expenditures:								
Instruction		65,140,519		65,140,519		84,994,320		19,853,801
Support services:								
Student		8,279,767		8,279,767		10,519,580		2,239,813
Instruction staff		5,429,109		5,429,109		7,145,136		1,716,027
District administrative		1,780,231		1,780,231		2,430,929		650,698
School administrative		7,167,890		7,167,890		9,429,234		2,261,344
Business		2,529,639		2,529,639		3,094,968		565,329
Plant operation and maintenance		13,335,733		13,335,733		19,926,489		6,590,756
Student transportation Food service operation		11,586,639		11,586,639		17,539,418 2,443		5,952,779 2,443
Day care operations		-		-		2,443		2,443
Community services		198,173		198,173		10,174		(187,999)
Land/site acquisitions		100,000		100,000		112,563		12,563
Architectural/engineering		30,000	_	30,000	_	9,450		(20,550)
Total expenditures		115,577,700		115,577,700		155,214,724		39,637,024
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Disposal of assets		10,000		10,000		70,045		60,045
Transfers in		-		-		7,569,816		7,569,816
Transfers out	_	(1,156,928)	_	(1,156,928)	_	(2,598,549)		(1,441,621)
Total other financing sources	_	(1,146,928)	_	(1,146,928)	_	5,041,312		6,188,240
Net change in fund balance Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	(10,517,397)	\$_	(10,517,397)		(3,502,339)	\$	7,015,058
					_	46,582,873		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	43,080,534		

See independent auditor's report.

Special Revenue Fund - Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget
Revenues:								
Earnings on investments	\$	1,327	\$	1,327	\$	2,491	\$	1,164
Other local revenues		212,287		212,287		282,344		70,057
Intergovernmental - State		8,642,245		8,642,245		8,654,869		12,624
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal		9,938,029		9,938,029		20,221,075		10,283,046
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	_	318,100	_	318,100	-	440,816	_	122,716
Total revenues		19,111,988		19,111,988		29,601,595		10,489,607
Expenditures:								
Instruction		14,599,361		14,599,361		16,578,480		1,979,119
Support services:								
Student		81,676		81,676		760,372		678,696
Instruction staff		2,691,750		2,691,750		3,331,529		639,779
School administrative		-		-		6,400		6,400
Business		500		500		8,714		8,214
Plant operation and maintenance		196,361		196,361		2,087,205		1,890,844
Student transportation		85,114		85,114		3,801,016		3,715,902
Food service operation		102,183		102,183		39,187		(62,996)
Day care operations		-				1,764,518		1,764,518
Community service activities		1,436,425		1,436,425		1,465,080		28,655
Adult education operations	_	80,591	-	80,591		71,224	_	(9,367)
Total expenditures		19,273,961		19,273,961		29,913,725		10,639,764
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		314,089		314,089		1,094,847		780,758
Transfers out		-		-		(50,000)		(50,000)
		314,089	-	314,089	-	1,044,847	_	730,758
Total other financing sources	_	0 : 1,000	-	011,000	-	.,0,0	_	7 00 17 00
Net change in fund balance	\$_	152,116	\$	152,116		732,717	\$_	580,601
Fund balance, beginning of year	_		=		-	370,521	=	
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1,103,238		

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - County Employees Retirement System

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.815754 %	0.787663 %	0.776014 %	0.821912 %	0.807846 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered payroll* District's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 52,342,924 24,184,402	\$ 56,940,265 22,018,317	\$ 49,476,979 20,099,357	\$ 63,039,970 21,582,870	56,816,171 % 20,193,581
liability as a percentage of the covered payroll	216.4 %	258.6 %	246.2 %	292.1 %	281.4 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.48 %	52.42 %	57.33 %	47.81 %	50.45 %
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	2019 0.781286 %	2018 0.787636 %	2017 0.791607 %	2016 0.791941 %	2015 0.786733 %
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability					
District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.781286 %	0.787636 %	0.791607 %	0.791941 %	0.786733 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.781286 % \$ 47,582,701	0.787636 % \$ 46,102,757	0.791607 % \$ 38,975,709	0.791941 % \$ 34,049,704	0.786733 % \$ 25,525,000

^{*} The amount of covered payroll presented for each fiscal year was determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - County Employees Retirement System

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

		2024		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportionate percentage of the net OPEB liability		0.815723 %		0.787562 %	0.775832 %	0.821673 %	0.807790 %	0.781257 %	0.781257 %
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) District's covered-employee payroll**	\$ \$	(1,126,242) 3 24,184,402 3	\$ \$	15,542,643 \$ 22,018,317 \$	14,852,915 \$ 20,099,357 \$	19,840,904 \$ 21,582,870 \$	13,586,664 S 20,193,581 S	\$ 13,871,063 \$ 19,887,726 \$	15,834,178 19,151,273
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		(4.66)%		70.59 %	73.90 %	91.93 %	67.28 %	69.75 %	82.68 %
total OPEB liability		104.23 %		60.95 %	62.91 %	51.67 %	60.44 %	57.62 %	52.39 %

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, so only seven years are shown.

^{**}The amount of covered payroll presented for each fiscal year was determined as of the measurement date of the net OPEB liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the TRS Net Pension Liability

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years

		2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021		2020	
Proportion of the net pension liability		1.941414 %)	2.080500 %		0.775832 %		0.821673 %	(0.80779	90 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$	-	\$	-	\$; <u>-</u>	\$	-		-	%
liability associated with the District	\$	4,041,585		352,469,524		261,001,419		284,034,463		73,745,	
Covered payroll* District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the total pension	\$	69,341,068	\$	68,419,004	\$	63,455,261	\$	62,699,512	\$ 6	62,271,	800
liability		- %)	- %		- %		- %		-	%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.70 %)	56.40 %		65.60 %		58.30 %		58.8	30 %
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension		2019 1.994800 %	_	2018 2.060000 %	_	2017 2.002700 %		2016 1.996500 %	1	2015 1.96240	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$		\$		\$	2.002700 %	\$		\$		
District's proportionate share of the net pension	·		\$		\$	2.002700 %			\$		00 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Covered payroll*	\$:	1.994800 % -	\$ \$	2.060000 %	\$	2.002700 %	\$4	1.996500 %	\$ \$40	1.96240 -	00 % 677
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Covered payroll* District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the total pension	\$:	1.994800 % - 261,206,778 61,550,117	\$ \$ \$	2.060000 % - 541,260,627 61,270,021	\$ \$ \$	2.002700 % 5 - 5590,799,546 6 60,328,710	\$4	1.996500 % - 164,602,978 59,612,198	\$ \$40	1.96240 - 03,257,	677 538
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Covered payroll* District's proportionate share of the net pension	\$:	1.994800 % - 261,206,778	\$ \$ \$	2.060000 % - 541,260,627	\$ \$ \$	2.002700 % 5 - 5590,799,546	\$4	1.996500 % - 464,602,978	\$ \$40	1.96240 - 03,257,	00 % 677

^{*}The amount of covered payroll presented for each fiscal year was determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the TRS Net OPEB Liability - Medical Insurance Fund

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB	1.941414 %	1.987100 %	1.923267 %	1.929558 %	1.926682 %
liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 47,900,000	\$ 37,132,000	\$ 22,884,000	\$ 27,038,000	\$ 31,196,000
associated with the District	\$ 4,041,585	\$ 12,198,000			\$ 25,193,000
Covered payroll** District's proportionate share of the net OPEB	\$ 69,341,068	\$ 68,419,004	\$ 63,455,261	\$ 62,699,512	\$ 62,271,800
liability as a percentage of the total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	54.27 %	54.27 %	36.06 %	43.12 %	50.10 %
total OPEB liability	53.00 %	47.80 %	51.70 %	39.10 %	32.60 %
	2019	2018			
Proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB	2019 1.910720 %				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability					
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB	1.910720 %	1.919778 %			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Covered payroll**	1.910720 % \$ 35,609,000	1.919778 % \$ 37,677,768			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	1.910720 % \$ 35,609,000 \$ 30,688,000	1.919778 % \$ 37,677,768 \$ 30,777,000 \$ 61,270,021			

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, so only seven years are shown.

^{**}The amount of covered payroll presented for each fiscal year was determined as of the measurement date of the net OPEB liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the TRS Net OPEB Liability - Life Insurance Fund

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	 1.921021 %	1.950938 %	1.889454 %	1.886812 %	1.883613 %
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	- %
associated with the District	\$ 542,000	\$ 607,000	\$ 247,000	\$ 655,000	\$ 585,000
Covered payroll**	\$ 69,341,068	\$ 68,419,004	\$ 63,455,261	\$ 62,699,512	\$ 62,271,800
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as					
a percentage of the total OPEB liability	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	76.90 %	74.00 %	89.20 %	71.60 %	73.40 %
	2019	2018			
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.867146 %	1.876122 %			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -			
associated with the District	\$ 526,000	\$ 412,000			
Covered payroll**	\$ 61,550,117	\$ 61,270,021			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of the total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	- %	- %			
OPEB liability	75.00 %	80.00 %			

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, so only seven years are shown.

**The amount of covered payroll presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net OPEB liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

Schedule of Contributions to CERS Pension

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 6,066,5	62 \$	5,659,150	\$	4,661,278	\$	3,879,176	\$	4,165,494
contributions	6,066,5	62	5,659,150	_	4,661,278	_	3,879,176		4,165,494
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	\$	_		-			\$_	
Covered payroll	\$ 25,992,1		24,184,402		22,018,317		20,099,357	\$	21,582,870
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	23.3	1 %	23.40 %		21.17 %		19.30 %		19.30 %
	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	2019 \$ 3,275,3			-	2017 2,671,603	-	2016 2,368,473	-	2015 2,364,463
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		·		\$		\$		\$	
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 3,275,3	. <u>99</u> \$	2,879,743 2,879,743	\$	2,671,603 2,671,603	\$ \$ \$_	2,368,473 2,368,473	\$ \$_	2,364,463 2,364,463
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 3,275,3	<u>99</u> \$ 81 \$	2,879,743 2,879,743 -	\$ \$ \$	2,671,603 2,671,603	\$ <u>_</u> \$_	2,368,473 2,368,473	\$ \$ \$	2,364,463

Schedule of Contributions to TRS Pension

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
contributions	_				_		_		_	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	_	\$_	_					\$_	_
Covered payroll	\$	69,341,068	\$	68,120,544	\$	68,419,004	\$	63,455,261	\$	62,699,512
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		- %		- %		- %		- %		- %
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	-	2019	<u> </u>	2018 -	<u> </u>	2017 -	-	2016 -	-	2015
·	\$	2019 - -	\$	2018 - -	\$	2017 - -	\$	2016 - -	\$	2015 - -
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	 \$ \$_	2019 - - -	\$	2018 - - -	\$	2017 - - -	\$	2016 - - -	\$ \$ \$_	2015 - - -
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$_	2019 - - - - 62,271,800	\$ \$ \$	2018 - - - 61,650,117	\$	2017 - - - 61,270,021	\$	2016 - - - - 60,328,710	\$ \$ \$	2015 - - - - 59,312,198

Schedule of Contributions to CERS OPEB

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

	2024	_	2023		2022	_	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ -	\$	819,851	\$	1,272,659	\$	947,308	\$ 1,027,345
contributions			819,851	_	1,272,659	_	947,308	1,027,345
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	\$	-	_	_	_	_	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 25,992,12		24,184,402		22,018,317		20,099,357	\$ 21,582,870
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	_ (%	3.39 %		5.78 %		4.71 %	4.76 %
	2019		2018					
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 1,062,182	2 \$	934,723					
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	1,062,182	2	934,723					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$						
Covered payroll	\$ 20,193,58		19,887,726 4.70 %					
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	5.26 °	' /_	// //\ U/.					

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, so only seven years are shown.

Schedule of Contributions to TRS Medical Insurance Fund

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 2,080,232	\$ 2,043,616	\$ 2,052,570	\$ 1,904,000	\$ 1,880,985
contributions	2,080,232	2,043,616	2,052,570	1,904,000	1,880,985
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	-	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 69,341,068	\$ 68,120,544	\$ 68,419,004	\$ 63,455,261	\$ 62,699,512
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	3.00 %	3.00 %	3.00 %	3.00 %	3.00 %
	2019	2018			
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	2019 1,868,154	2018 1,849,348			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	1,868,154	1,849,348			
determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	1,868,154	1,849,348 \$ 1,849,348			

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, so only seven years are shown.

Schedule of Contributions to TRS Life Insurance Fund

For the Years Ended June 30 for the Last Ten Years*

		2024	2023		2022		2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
contributions	_			_		_		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$ 					\$
Covered payroll	\$	69,341,068	\$ 68,120,544	\$	68,419,004	\$	63,455,261	\$ 62,699,512
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		- %	- %		- %		- %	- %
		2019	2018					
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)y	\$	-	\$ -					
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	_		-					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$ 					
Covered payroll	\$	62,271,800	\$ 61,644,933					
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		- %	- %					

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, so only seven years are shown.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

CERS Pension

2024 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2023): Since the prior measurement date, the CERS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022", and include a change in the investment return assumption from 6.25% to 6.50% and an increase in the inflation rate from 2.3% to 2.5%. House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, and adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month for all circumstances.

<u>2023 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2022)</u>: Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability increased from 5.20% to 5.70%. Senate Bill 209, passed during the 2022 Legislative Session, increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 and is first payable January 1, 2023.

<u>2022 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2021)</u>: Senate Bill 169, passed during the 2021 Legislative Session, increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty related disability. The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.34% to 5.20%.

<u>2021 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2020)</u>: Senate Bill 249, passed during the 2020 Legislative Session, changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. Additionally, House Bill 271, passed during the 2020 Legislative Session, removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries. The payroll growth assumption was changed to 3.30% to 10.30% for the pension plan.

2020 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2019): Since the prior measurement date, annual salary increases were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study; annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal, and mortality were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study; the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members and 50% for hazardous members; the assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis and was updated (i.e. increased) to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs for post-age 65 retirees; and the assumed impact of the Cadillac Tax was changed from a 3.6% to a 0.9% load on employer paid premiums for Non-Medicare retirees who became participants prior to July 1, 2003. The payroll growth assumption changed to 3.30% to 11.55% for the pension plan and 3.30% to 10.30% for the OPEB plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

CERS Pension, continued

2019 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2018): Since the prior measurement date, there have been no changes in actuarial assumptions. However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children.

2018 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2017): Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total pension liability have been updated as described: (i) the assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%, (ii) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%, and (iii) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 2.00%.

2017 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2016): None.

2016 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2015): Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total pension liability have been updated as described: (i) the assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%, (ii) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%, (iii) the assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%, (iv) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (v) the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted, and (vi) the assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

CERS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2018 to 2024.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

CERS OPEB, continued

Changes of assumptions:

2024 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2023): Since the prior measurement date, the CERS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022", and include a change in the investment return assumption from 6.25% to 6.50%; an increase in the inflation rate from 2.3% to 2.5%; a change in the healthcare trend rates at January 1, 2025 used to from an initial trend starting at 6.3% to 6.8% for Pre-65 retirees and from an initial trend starting at 6.3% to 8.5% for Post-65 retirees; and an increase in the discount rate from 5.70% to 5.93%. House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, and adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month for all circumstances.

<u>2023 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2022)</u>: The discount rate was changed from 5.20% to 5.70%. The municipal bond rate was changed from 1.92% to 3.69%.

<u>2022 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2021)</u>: The discount rate was changed from 5.34% to 5.20%. The municipal bond rate was changed from 2.45% to 1.92%.

2021 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2020): The discount rate was changed from 5.68% to 5.34%.

2020 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2019): The discount rate was changed from 5.85% to 5.68%. Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2019 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2018): No changes.

2018 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2017): The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. For the Non-Hazardous Plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

TRS PENSION

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2023.

Changes of assumptions:

<u>2024 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2023)</u>: The salary increase range changed from 3.00 - 7.50 percent to 3.50 - 7.20 percent and the municipal bond rate was changed from 3.37% to 3.36%.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

TRS PENSION, continued

<u>2023 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2022)</u>: The salary increase range changed from 3.50 - 7.30 percent to 3.00 - 7.50 percent and the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.13% to 3.37%.

<u>2022 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2021)</u>: In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2021 and 2020 (TRS plan years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively): No changes.

<u>2019 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2018)</u>: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

<u>2018 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2017)</u>: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

<u>2017 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2016)</u>: The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

<u>2016 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2015)</u>: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%. In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

2015 (TRS plan year ended June 30, 2014): In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions. Beginning with the 2014 valuation, the interest smoothing methodology is no longer used. In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

TRS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms:

2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 - No changes for MIF or LIF

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

TRS OPEB, continued

2018 MIF – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

2018 LIF – No changes

Changes of assumptions:

2024 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2023): The municipal bond rate was changed from 3.37% to 3.66% for MIF and LIF.

2023 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2022): The municipal bond rate was changed from 2.13% to 3.37% for MIF and LIF.

<u>2022 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2021)</u>: MIF and LIF – In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the MIF and .50% for the LIF to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%

2021 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2020): MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF.

2020 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2019): No changes for MIF or LIF.

2019 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2018): MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF.

2018 (TRS OPEB plan year ended June 30, 2017): No changes for MIF or LIF.



Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	District ivity Fund	Ad	School	<u> </u>	Capital utlay Fund	FS	SPK Fund	De	bt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:										
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 720,526	\$	1,358,796	\$	_	\$	374,637	\$	329,435	\$ 2,783,394
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities		-				-				
Accounts payable	\$ 13,018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,018
Fund Balances										
Restricted	707,508		1,358,796		-		374,637		329,435	 2,770,376
Total Liabilities and Fund	 _	_	_		_		_		_	 _
Balances	\$ 720,526	\$_	1,358,796	\$		\$	374,637	\$	329,435	\$ 2,783,394

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Dis	strict Activity School Activ		hool Activity Fund	/ Capital Outlay Fund		FSPK Fund		Debt Service Fund			tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:										,		
From local sources:												
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,439,220	\$	-	\$	13,439,220
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-		35,891		35,891
Other activities and local												
revenues		412,834		2,618,962		-		-		-		3,031,796
Intergovernmental - State		-				1,305,096		6,450,441		1,233,022		8,988,559
Total revenues		412,834		2,618,962		1,305,096		19,889,661		1,268,913		25,495,466
Expenditures:												
Instruction		413,967		1,925,780		-		-		-		2,339,747
Support services:												
Student		1,912		-		-		-		-		1,912
Instruction staff		107,979		1,777		-		-		-		109,756
Plant operation and maintenance		25,032		-		-		-		-		25,032
Student transportation		2,435		31,824		-		-		-		34,259
Other non instruction		-		447,960		-		-		-		447,960
Debt service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		9,790,000		9,790,000
Interest						-				5,691,653		5,691,653
Total expenditures		551,32 <u>5</u>		2,407,341				-		15,481,65 <u>3</u>		18,440,319
Excess (deficit) of revenues over												
expenditures		(138,491)		211,621		1,305,096		19,889,661		(14,212,740)		7,055,147
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in		150,593		-		-		-		14,248,630		14,399,223
Transfers out				(150,593)		(1,305,096)		(19,889,661)				(21,345,350)
Total other financing sources												
(uses)		150,593		(150,593)		(1,305,096)		(19,889,661)		14,248,630		(6,946,127)
Net change in fund balances		12,102		61,028		-		-		35,890		109,020
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	695,406	_	1,297,768	_		_	374,637	_	293,545	_	2,661,356
Fund balances, end of year	\$	707,508	\$	1,358,796	\$	-	\$	374,637	\$	329,435	\$	2,770,376

Combining Statement of Net Position - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Assets	Early College and Career Center			Educational Television	_E	School ntrepreneur- ship	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Current assets									
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable	\$	25,616 601	\$	65,644 749	\$	3,134	\$	94,394 1,350	
Total assets	\$	26,217		66,393		3,134		95,744	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities Accounts payable	¢	133	\$	3,313	Φ.	436	\$	3,882	
Net Position	Ψ	133	Ψ	5,515	Ψ	430	Ψ	3,002	
Unrestricted	\$	26,084	\$	63,080	\$	2,698	\$	91,862	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

	•	College and er Center	Educational Television	School Entreprene ship	eur-	l Nonmajor prise Funds
Operating revenues:						
Tuition and fees	\$	55,69 <u>9</u>	\$ 69, <u>522</u>	\$4	<u>1,384</u>	\$ 129,60 <u>5</u>
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and wages		130	7,874	-		8,004
Materials and supplies		44,464	30,306	1	,686,	76,456
Other operating expenses		1,517	 33,058			 <u>34,575</u>
Total operating expenses		46,111	 71,238	1	,686,	 119,035
Operating (loss) income		9,588	(1,716)	2	2,698	10,570
Non-operating revenues			, ,			
State on-behalf payments			 1,979			 1,979
Changes in net position		9,588	263	2	2,698	12,549
Net position, beginning of year		16,49 <u>6</u>	 62,817			 79,313
Net position, end of year	\$	26,084	\$ 63,080	\$2	2,698	\$ 91,862

Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

	Early College and			Educational	School Entrepreneur-			Total Nonmajor	
		areer Center		Television		ship		terprise Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities									
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$	55,464	\$	12,827	\$	4,384	\$	72,675	
Cash payments made to employees Cash payments made to suppliers		(130) (44,465)		-		(1,250)		(130) (45,715)	
Cash payments made for other goods and		(11,100)				(1,200)		(10,110)	
services		(1,517)	_		_		_	(1,517)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		9,352		12,827		<u>3,134</u>		25,313	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		16,264		52,817		<u> </u>		69,081	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	25,616	\$	65,644	\$	3,134	\$	94,394	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities									
Operating income	\$	9,588	\$	(1,716)	\$	2,698	\$	10,570	
Adjustments				1.070				1.070	
State on-behalf payments Change in assets and liabilities:		-		1,979		-		1,979	
Accounts receivable		-		12,764		-		12,764	
Accounts payable									
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,588	\$_	13,027	\$_	2,698	\$	25,313	
Schedule of non-cash transactions:									
State on-behalf payments	\$		\$_	1,979	\$_	-	\$	1,979	

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - All Schools

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 h Balances					Cash Balances		Receivables and Due from Other Funds	and	counts Payable d Due to Other Funds	ı	Due to Student Groups
School	 ly 1, 2023	Receipts	_	bursements	_	June 30, 2024	_	June 30, 2024		une 30, 2024		June 30, 2024
Bluegrass Middle School	\$ 48,080	\$ 112,046	\$	90,042	\$	70,084	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,084
Cecilia Valley Elementary	20,604	27,745		25,159		23,190		-		-		23,190
Central Hardin High	220,375	603,660		612,614		211,421		-		-		211,421
College View	1,814	2		-		1,816		-		-		1,816
Creekside Elementary	5,838	37,742		34,553		9,027		-		-		9,027
Early College and Career												
Center	2,896	10,466		9,554		3,808		-		-		3,808
East Hardin Middle	84,628	276,975		272,663		88,940		-		-		88,940
G.C. Burkhead Elementary	25,142	24,324		23,801		25,665		-		-		25,665
Heartland Elementary	21,168	42,505		42,290		21,383		-		-		21,383
J.T. Alton Middle	127,096	68,638		90,688		105,046		-		-		105,046
John Hardin High	156,562	331,050		330,246		157,366		-		-		157,366
Lakewood Elementary	3,994	22,849		21,227		5,616		-		-		5,616
Lincoln Trail Elementary	25,361	19,316		19,348		25,329		-		-		25,329
Meadowview Elementary	8,946	13,112		12,679		9,379		-		-		9,379
New Highland Elementary	9,513	14,730		12,453		11,790		-		-		11,790
North Hardin High	404,081	813,406		804,766		412,719		-		-		412,719
North Middle	16,085	62,829		68,117		10,797		-		-		10,797
North Park Elementary	11,886	6,875		6,792		11,969		-		-		11,969
Radcliff Elementary	16,081	8,363		16,204		8,240		-		-		8,240
Rineyville Elementary	2,868	19,111		19,537		2,442		-		-		2,442
Vine Grove Elementary	23,617	23,848		18,982		28,483		-		-		28,483
West Hardin Middle	55,978	59,018		55,758		59,238		-		-		59,238
Woodland Elementary	 4,737	 19,14 <u>5</u>		12,698	_	11,18 <u>4</u>	_	-		-	_	11,18 <u>4</u>
	1,272,497	2,617,755		2,600,171		1,314,930		-		-		1,314,930
Interfund Transfers	 	 -		-	_	-	_	-		-	_	-
Total	\$ 1,272,497	\$ 2,617,755	\$	2,600,171	\$_	1,314,930	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	1,314,930

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - Central Hardin High School Year Ended June 30, 2024

				rear Ended June 30	J, 2024			
Name of Activity	Cash Balan July 1, 20:	23	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2024	Receivables and Due from Other Funds June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable and Due to Other Funds June 30, 2024	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2024
Academic Team	\$	324	\$ 5,802	\$ 6,117	\$ 10	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ 10
Agriculture Department	-		2,683	2,683	-	-	-	-
Archery		4,013	7,970	8,794	3,189	-	-	3,189
Art Club		140	866	515	491	-	-	491
Art Department		52	-	-	52	-	-	52
Arts & Humanities		273	-	-	273	-	-	273
Athletic Concession		888	23,357	24,246	-	-	-	-
Athletics	14	4,439	38,547	30,062	22,923	-	-	22,923
Band		89	552	598	43	-	-	43
Baseball	:	2,327	12,642	9,025	5,944	-	-	5,944
Basketball-Boys	•	7,187	36,553	42,755	986	-	-	986
Basketball-Girls		1,664	9,847	11,236	276	-	-	276
Bass Fishing		939	10,008	9,100	1,847	-	-	1,847
BETA Club		865	18,558	16,209	3,214	-	-	3,214
Bowling	-		3,916	3,916	-	-	-	-
Business Department		1,739	-	-	1,739	-	-	1,739
Cheerleading		4,420	32,843	37,263	-	-	-	-
Choral		980	3,137	3,055	1,062	-	-	1,062
Cross Country	1	1,704	26,415	23,045	15,073	-	-	15,073
Dance Club		1,600	-	1,600	-	-	-	-
Drama Club	;	3,257	4,705	5,522	2,440	-	-	2,440
Earth Club		294	-	-	294	-	-	294
Educators Rising		82	1,287	965	404	-	-	404
English Department		1,186	625	827	983	-	-	983
Faculty Flower Fund		607	80	298	389	-	-	389
Faculty Fund		2,368	2,275	3,141	1,502	-	-	1,502
FBLA		740	10,345	9,177	1,908	-	-	1,908
FCA		187	330	350	167	-	-	167
FCCLA		947	5,310	4,388	1,869	-	-	1,869
FCS		148	-	-	148	-	-	148
FFA	;	3,335	27,801	26,967	4,169	-	-	4,169
Football		3,539	27,154	35,673	19	-	-	19
French Club		123	25	69	80	-	-	80
Friends of Rachel		2,604	-	2,604	-	-	-	-
Fund 22 Sweep	-	•	35,765	35,765	-	-	_	-
Game Club		86	- '	44	41	_	-	41
General Student Fund	84	4,913	72,235	72,172	84,976	-	_	84,976
German Club		411	780	786	405	_	-	405
Golf		502	1,487	648	1,341	_	-	1,341
Grade 12	_		14,471	14,471	-	_	-	-
			,	,				

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - Central Hardin High School, continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Cook	Balances				Cash Balances		Receivables and Due from Other	Accounts Payable and Due to Other	to Student
Name of Activity		y 1, 2023	Receipts		Disbursements	June 30, 2024		Funds June 30, 2024	Funds June 30, 2024	Groups e 30, 2024
Grade 11	\$		\$ 11		-	\$ 111	\$		\$ -	\$ 111
Grade 10		-	11	6	-	116		-	-	116
Grade 9		-	6,47	6	6,476	-		-	-	-
Guidance		4,208	5,42	1	8,295	1,334		-	-	1,334
Journalism		366	3,13		2,994	508		-	-	508
JROTC		5,278	19,72	8	15,938	9,067		-	-	9,067
Library/Media Center		-	3,79		3,797	-		-	-	-
Project Graduation		19	8,47	7	7,610	886		_	-	886
Scholarship Fund		22	2,52		2,400	144		-	-	144
Science Department		946	-		35	911		-	-	911
Science National Honor										
Society		179	-		-	179		_	-	179
Soccer-Boys		_	9,21	4	8,721	493		_	-	493
Soccer-Girls		196	13,23		13,427	=		-	-	-
Social Studies Dept.		1,472	-		53	1,419		_	-	1,419
Softball		-	6,90	3	6,811	92		-	-	92
Spanish Club		60	-		-	60		-	-	60
Special Education		69	24	9	281	37		-	-	37
Speech		62	94		1,003	-		-	-	-
Startup		_	1,50	0	1,500	_		_	-	_
Student Council		2,179	4,62		2,479	4,320		-	-	4,320
Swim Team		510	6,91		5,086	2,340		-	-	2,340
Young Republicans Club		27	10		132	-		_	-	<u>-</u>
Tennis		3,547	7,10	0	5,260	5,387		_	-	5,387
Track		10,451	17,55		19,736	8,274		-	-	8,274
TSA Club		22	30		485	(154)		-	-	(154)
Varsity Club		863	6,39	1	5,859	1,395		-	-	1,395
Volleyball		1,720	6,80		6,127	2,396		-	-	2,396
Wrestling		14,794	10,83		23,003	2,628		-	-	2,628
Y Club		33	19,56	4	19,277	320		-	-	320
Yearbooks		9,257	2,98		1,582	10,656		-	-	10,656
Young Democrats		123	28		161	244		_	-	244
3		220,375	603,66		612,614	211,421	٠	-		211,421
Interfund Transfers		-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Total	\$	220,375	\$ 603,66	<u>0</u> \$	612,614	\$ 211,421	\$	-	\$	\$ 211,421

HARDIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - John Hardin High School
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	h Balances					Cash Balances		Receivables and Due from Other Funds	Accounts Payable and Due to Other Funds		Due to Student Groups
Name of Activity	 ly 1, 2023	Receipts		sbursements	_	June 30, 2024	_	June 30, 2024	 June 30, 2024	_	June 30, 2024
Academic Team	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,042	\$	(1,042)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	\ ' '
Agriculture Department	393	-		-		393		-	-		393
AP Exams	1,846	293		145		1,994		-	-		1,994
Archery	35,333	30,294		31,443		34,185		-	-		34,185
Art Department	504	-		-		504		-	-		504
Athletic Concession	-	13,488		8,608		4,880		-	-		4,880
Athletics	615	555		5,690		(4,521)		-	-		(4,521)
Band	-	6,109		6,410		(301)		-	-		(301)
Baseball	1,425	3,212	2	1,793		2,843		-	-		2,843
Basketball-Boys	5,719	15,415	5	18,388		2,746		-	-		2,746
Basketball-Girls	4,922	13,720)	11,574		7,068		-	-		7,068
BETA Club	1,826	19,723		19,427		2,122		-	-		2,122
Bowling	883	6,035	<u>,</u>	6,128		790		-	-		790
Charitable Causes	300	-		-		300		-	-		300
Cheerleading	304	7,095	<u>,</u>	7,789		(390)		-	-		(390)
Choral	255	-		-		255		-	-		255
Cross Country	5,527	36,300)	33,454		8,374		-	-		8,374
Criminal Justice Scholarship	3,000	-		1,000		2,000		-	-		2,000
Deca .	-	16,314		12,918		3,397		-	-		3,397
Drama Club	21	-		-		21		-	-		21
Educators Rising	-	40)	40		-		-	-		-
English Department	286	-		-		286		-	-		286
Euro Trip	21	-		-		21		-	-		21
Faculty Flower Fund	48	_		-		48		-	-		48
Faculty Fund	489	153	}	74		568		-	-		568
FCCLÁ	2,451	5,622)	6,835		1,237		-	-		1,237
FCS	2,953	5,350		4,316		3,987		-	-		3,987
FFA	292	12,290		4,592		7,990		-	-		7,990
Football	7,231	14,509		18,021		3,718		-	-		3,718
Foreign Language	108	<u> </u>		- ′		108		-	-		108
Fund 22 Sweep	-	40)	3,010		(2,970)		-	-		(2,970)
Game Club	3	270		270		3		_	_		3
General Student Fund	1,555	7,094		5,974		2,675		_	_		2,675
Golf	2,368	_		_		2,368		_	_		2,368
Grade 9	_,,,,,	_		_		_,		_	_		_,
Grade 10	470	75	;	_		545		_	_		545
Grade 11	112	6,987		3,720		3,379		_	_		3,379
Grade 12	2,499	41,303		38,086		5,715		_	_		5,715
Guidance	155	2,479		2,501		133		_	_		133

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - John Hardin High School, continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity	Cash Balances July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2024	Receivables and Due from Other Funds June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable and Due to Other Funds June 30, 2024	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2024
Journalism	\$ 135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135
JROTC	7,936	5,630	3,012	10,554	-	-	10,554
Kat & Jacob Scholarship	426	-	-	426	-	-	426
Library/Media Center	820	2,726	268	3,277	-	-	3,277
McCurry Classic	9,026	-	-	9,026	-	-	9,026
Musicals	1,926	3,819	3,480	2,265	-	-	2,265
Pep Club	1,548	2,220	2,723	1,045	-	-	1,045
Project Graduation	63	12,122	9,323	2,862	-	-	2,862
SADD Club	401	500	434	468	-	-	468
Science Department	3,112	-	45	3,067	-	-	3,067
Social Studies	-	689	767	(78)	-	-	(78)
Soccer - Boys	2,498	5,571	8,200	(130)	-	-	(130)
Soccer - Girls	3,723	3,187	5,524	1,386	-	-	1,386
Softball	58	2,715	2,416	357	-	-	357
Special Education Dept.	1,753	52	581	1,224	-	-	1,224
Student Council	2,238	2,710	2,836	2,112	-	-	2,112
Swimming - JHHS	1,493	301	1,899	(105)	-	-	(105)
Swimming - NHHS	-	3,318	1,893	1,424	-	-	1,424
Tennis	359	2,905	3,493	(229)	-	-	(229)
Track	15,567	3,361	6,209	12,719 [°]	-	-	12,719
TSA Club	356	-	200	156	-	-	156
Volleyball	6,971	8,306	17,859	(2,582)	-	-	(2,582)
Wrestling	-	4,614	4,800	(186)	-	-	(186)
Y Club	15	1,489	1,039	`465 [´]	-	-	`465 [´]
Yearbooks	12,226	50	- '	12,276	-	-	12,276
	156,562	331,050	330,246	157,366			157,366
Interfund Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ <u>156,562</u>	\$ 331,050	\$ 330,246	\$ <u>157,366</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>157,366</u>

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - North Hardin High School Year Ended June 30, 2024

		real Ended Julie 30, 2024												
Name of Activity	Cash	Balances July 1, 2023		Receipts	Di	isbursements		Cash Balances June 30, 2024		Receivables and Due from Other Funds June 30, 2024		ccounts Payable and Due to Other Funds June 30, 2024	Due	to Student Groups June 30, 2024
Academic Team	\$	2,518	\$	490	\$	683	\$	2,325	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,325
Agriculture Department		12,336		5,350		3,966		13,719		_		-		13,719
Archery		2,044		29,577		23,195		8,426		-		-		8,426
Art Club		819		885		930		774		_		_		774
Art Department		32		-		-		32		_		_		32
Athletic Concession				_		_		_		_		_		_
Athletics		20,806		22,156		17,237		25,725		_		_		25,725
Athletics- Uniforms/Equipment		25,129		15,435		6,816		33,748		_		-		33,748
Band		9,209		9,800		14,906		4,103		_		_		4,103
Baseball		1,973		9,667		11,578		62						62
Basketball-Boys		23,563		40,825		40,296		24,092		_		_		24,092
Basketball-Girls		13,819		12,605		13,485		12,939		-		•		12,939
Bass Fishing		1,323		980		13,403		2.303		-		•		2,303
BETA Club		1,323 590		7,828		6,288		2,303 2,130		-		-		2,303 2,130
										-		-		
Bingo		24,854		355,648		358,311		22,191		-		-		22,191
Bowling		3,999		1,217		1,932		3,284		-		-		3,284
Boys Cross Country		6,496		4,232		7,846		2,882		-		-		2,882
Boys Golf_		1,276		1,347		1,919		704		-		-		704
Business Department		189		-		-		189		-		-		189
Cameron Irwin Scholarship		1,122		-		-		1,122		-		-		1,122
Charitable Gaming		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Cheerleading		7,619		12,241		17,234		2,626		-		-		2,626
Choral		15,011		5,100		14,206		5,905		-		-		5,905
Climate Committee		4,387		1,677		1,187		4,877		-		-		4,877
Dance Club		6,777		980		3,325		4,432		-		-		4,432
Debate		190		245		-		435		-		-		435
Deca		50		25,047		6,319		18,777		-		-		18,777
Drama Club		1,605		2,266		1,652		2,219		-		-		2,219
Educators Rising		188		776		482		481		-		-		481
English Department		720		-		720		-		_		_		-
Esports				1,064		144		920		_		-		920
Faculty Flower Fund		460		212		354		317		_		-		317
Faculty Fund		8,315		6,690		9,496		5,509		_		-		5,509
FBLA		3,903		490		125		4,268		_		_		4,268
FCA		336				- 120		336		_		_		336
FCCLA		3,280		5,509		5,709		3,080		_		_		3,080
FCS		349		475		825		3,000		-		•		3,000
FFA		4,009		6,960		3,567		7,402		-		•		7,402
Football								7,402 4,676		-		-		
		5,792		29,333		30,450				-		-		4,676
Foreign Language		25		-				25		-		-		25
Friends of Rachel		567		245		87		725		-		-		725
Fund 22 Sweep		-		18,574		18,574		-		-		-		-
Game Club		494		-		494		-		-		-		-
General Student Fund		17,429		17,100		2,105		32,424		-		-		32,424
German Club		569		675		837		408		-		-		408
		,				,								

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - North Hardin High School, continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

Receivables and Due

Accounts Payable and

Name of Activity	Cash Balances July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2024		from Other Funds June 30, 2024	Due to Other Funds June 30, 2024	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2024
Girls Cross Country	\$ 4,089	\$ 4,230	\$ 3,631	\$ 4	,687	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,687
Girls Golf	50	3,629	3,679	-		-	-	-
Grade 12	5,499	23,805	26,213	3	3,091	-	-	3,091
Grade 12 - Transportation Only	2,435	-	1,591		844	-	-	844
Grade 11t	4,626	1,040	691	4	,976	-	-	4,976
Grade 10	3,232	490	150	3	3,572	-	-	3,572
Grade 9	1,400	798	896	1	,302	-	-	1,302
Guidance	2,915	407	739	2	2,583	-	-	2,583
HOSA	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Japanese Club	588	421	309		700	-	-	700
Journalism	35	-	-		35	-	-	35
JROTC	12,170	22,879	24,437	10),611	-	-	10,611
Library/Media Center	1,186	1,914	2,190		910	-	-	910
Math	4,377	<u>-</u>	4,377	-		-	-	-
National Guard Scholarship	193	-	-		193	-	-	193
PBIS	4,305	5,012	7,086	2	2,232	-	-	2,232
Pep Club	391	1,498	1,209		680	-	-	680
Photography Club	2,941	245	-	3	3,186	-	-	3,186
Phoutharansy Scholarship	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		-	-	-
Poster Maker	-	413	234		178	-	-	178
Project Graduation	8,801	2,021	3,727	7	7,096	-	-	7,096
Science Club	2,312	245	-	2	2,557	-	-	2,557
Science Department	737	-	737	-		-	-	-
Soccer - Boys	18,711	15,985	13,370	21	,325	-	-	21,325
Soccer - Girls	9,392	11,627	8,523	12	2,496	-	-	12,496
Social Studies Dept.	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Softball	10,784	6,658	12,814	4	,628	-	-	4,628
Spanish Club	876	1,502	1,673		705	-	-	705
Special Education Dept.	2,878	5,374	6,624	1	,627	-	-	1,627
Startup	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
STLP	2,221	1,180	2,544		857	-	-	857
Student Council	2,784	1,478	1,937	2	2,326	-	-	2,326
Student Support	4,164	4,735	3,798		5,101	-	-	5,101
Swim Team	4,900	980	453	5	,428	-	-	5,428
Tennis	3,414	2,204	4,056		,562	-	-	1,562
Track - Boys	11,992	1,960	4,196	g	7,756	-	-	9,756
Track - Girls	7,526	1,960	4,389	5	5,097	-	-	5,097
Trojan Treats	-	313	<u>-</u>		313	-	-	313
Trojan Stitchery	1,418	323	259	1	,482	-	-	1,482
TSA Club	46	100	-		146	-	-	146

Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements, and Liabilities - North Hardin High School, continued Year Ended June 30, 2024

						·, - ·	- ·					
Name of Activity	Cash B	alances July , 2023	Receipts		Disbursements		Cash Balances June 30, 2024	_	Receivables and Due from Other Funds June 30, 2024	counts Payable and ue to Other Funds June 30, 2024	Due	e to Student Groups June 30, 2024
Volleyball	\$	4,796	\$ 5,062	\$	8,738	\$	1,120	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,120
Will Yates Scholarship		500	-		500		-		-	-		-
Wrestling - Boys		1,258	3,075		2,587		1,746		-	-		1,746
Wrestling - Girls		-	4,606		3,362		1,244		-	-		1,244
Y Club		3,619	13,879		14,051		3,446		-	-		3,446
Yearbook		16,348	7,659		1,716		22,291		-	-		22,291
Young Republicans Club				_				_	-	 		<u> </u>
		404,081	813,408		804,766		412,721		-	-		412,721
Interfund Transfers				_				_	-	 		<u> </u>
Total	\$	404,081	\$ 813,408	\$_	804,766	\$	412,721	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	412,721



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardin County School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance, continued

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Dean Dotton allen Ford, PUC

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Louisville, Kentucky November 11, 2024



Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hardin County School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Independent Auditor's Report Required by the Uniform Guidance, continued

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Members of the Board of Education Hardin County School District Independent Auditor's Report Required by the Uniform Guidance, continued

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Louisville, Kentucky November 11, 2024

Dean Dotton allen Ford. PLLC



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal **Assistance** Provided to **Total Federal** Listing Pass-Through Entity Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title Number **Identifying Number** Subrecipients Expenditures U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-through: Kentucky Department of Education **Child Nutrition Cluster** 10.555 1,352,187 National School Lunch Program 7750002-23 \$ 7750002-24 4,959,429 9980000-23 446,826 School Breakfast Program 10.553 7760005-23 625,947 7760005-24 2,263,981 Summer Food Service Program for Children 7740023-23 186,215 10.559 7690024-23 19,394 Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) National School Lunch Program 10.555 057502-02 904,375 **Total Child Nutrition Cluster** 10,758,354 State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition 10.560 7700001-23 12.545 Farm to School Grant Program 10.575 FTS - 24 34,385 997 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 7800016-23 7800016-24 3,670 7790021-23 12,520 7790021-24 91,758 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 10,914,229 U.S. Department of Defense **Direct Programs:** U.S. Army JROTC 12.000 194,899 Competitive Grants: Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at 12.556 240,446 Miliatry-Connect Schools

Total U.S. Department of Defense

435,345

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Programs:				
Impact Aid			-	173,508
Pass-through:				
Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education				
Adult Education - State Grant Program	84.002	KCPSE-23	_	2,918
· ·		KCPSE-24	-	350,286
Kentucky Department of Juvenile Justice				
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.013	DJJ-23	_	53
3 7 3 3 1		DJJ-24	_	40,000
Kentucky Department of Education				.,
Title 1 Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	3100002-22	_	1,314,779
3		3100002-23	_	2,702,123
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002-22	-	28,353
· · ·		3110002-23	-	10,495
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-22	-	14,573
		3710002-23	-	202,520
		3710006-23	-	280
21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-20	-	319,053
		3400002-22	-	81,447
English Language Acquisitions State Grants	84.365	3300002-21	-	2,619
		3300002-22	-	39,099
		3300002-23	-	12,538
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367A	3230002-21	-	18,251
		3230002-22	-	224,380
0. 1 . 10	0.4.40.4	3230002-23	-	227,223
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-21	-	4,679
		3420002-22	-	91,099
		3420002-23	-	141,738

Hardin County School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
COVID-19 Education Stabalization Fund	84.425C	GEER		1,166
	84.425D	4200002-21	-	1,114,665
	84.425D	4200003-21	-	744,380
	84.425U	4300002-21	-	10,150,266
	84.425U	4300005-21	-	235,484
	84.425W	4980002-21	-	57,028
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-21	-	129,414
•		3810002-22	-	839,778
		3810002-23	-	2,403,785
COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States		4910002-21	-	71,629
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-21	-	17,071
		3800002-22	-	109,509
		3800002-23		4,516
Total Special Education Cluster				3,575,702
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	21,880,705
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-through: Kentucky Department of Education	00.070			4 000
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance	93.079	2100001-23	-	1,200
COVID-19 - Childcare Development Block Grant	93.575	KCHFSCC-22		1,764,518
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				1,765,718
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ -	\$ 34,995,997

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2024

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Hardin County School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

4. Indirect Costs Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimus indirect costs rates as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2024

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements					
Type of report the auditor issued financial statements audited we accordance with GAAP:		Unm	odified		
Internal control over financial reporting	j:				
Material weakness(es) identifiedSignificant deficiency(ies) identified		<u> </u>	Yes Yes		No None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial st	atements noted?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identiSignificant deficiency(ies) ide		<u> </u>	Yes Yes	<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on major federal programs:	compliance for	Unm	odified	,	
Any audit findings disclosed that are r reported in accordance with section			Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs:					
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.173/84.027 93.575 84.425	Name of Federal Properties of Special Education (COVID-19 Childcan COVID-19 Education)	Cluste e Dev	r elopme	ent Bl	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be and type B programs:	tween type A	\$1,04	19,880		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes		No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, continued

Year ended June 30, 2024

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year ended June 30, 2024

None reported.